

Fair and warmer tonight;  
Thursday rain or snow,  
warmer; southerly winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL, MASS. WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 19 1913

PRICE ONE CENT

# FIGHTING IN MEXICO ENDED

## CALIFORNIA MEN AT DORR TRIAL

Called as Witnesses by the Commonwealth in Murder Case  
Being Tried at Salem

SALEM, Feb. 19.—Two California witnesses were among the first called by the Commonwealth today when the trial of William A. Dorr of Stockton, Cal., on the charge of murdering Geo. Marsh, of Lynn, was resumed.

James Marsh of Stockton, a brother of the murdered man, told of a visit which he made at the Marsh home in Lynn a month or more before the crime was committed. His brother, he said, spoke of visiting him in California later.

Harry Marsh, a nephew, was questioned regarding his uncle's habits. Neither man was able to positively identify a cane which is an exhibit in the case as one which the Lynn man was in the habit of carrying.

Positive identification of the cane was obtained from Mary A. Miller of Topsfield, former housekeeper in the Marsh home. She testified that on April 1, the day Marsh is supposed to have been killed, he left the house between 2 and 3 o'clock in the afternoon and as he was leaving she handed him the cane to carry.

This witness also was questioned regarding the last meal that Marsh ate before he left home. Particular stress was laid on the fact that he had partaken of canned green peas.

The prisoner watched the proceedings from the steel cage in the center of the courtroom with much interest. He frequently called his attorneys to the cage in conferences as the witnesses were testifying and showed his familiarity with the case, the result of which he studied during the months that he has been in jail.

A former church socialist and member of the smart set in Stockton was the centre of attraction.

The finding of the cane which had been submitted to almost every witness for identification was testified to by Napoleon J. Desrochers of Saugus. He had been working at the Point of Pines on April 11, 1912, he said, and about 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon while riding through Commercial street on a bicycle saw a cap and cane in the road. He turned them over to the police and the following day showed the officers where he had found the articles. The prosecutor told him, he testified, that the place was only a short distance from where the body of Marsh had been found a short time before.

Attorney Barney for the defense cross examined Desrochers regarding an automobile which witness said passed him about the time he found the cap and cane. The only description that the witness could give was that it was a large touring car and was moving rapidly.

A neighbor of the murdered man, Mary H. Harris of Lynn, who is considered an important witness for the prosecution, spoke to Mr. Marsh as he was leaving his home on the afternoon of April 11, saw him board a trolley car and saw Dorr follow the car in his auto, according to his testimony. She had seen Dorr in the neighborhood three times and on the day in question noticed him in conversation with another neighbor, Dr. Bergengren, she

**Throat Weak?**  
We have had seventy years of experience with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. That makes us have great confidence in it for coughs, colds, bronchitis, weak throats, and weak lungs. Ask your own doctor what experience he has had with it. He knows.

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Complete equipment for city or out-of-town funerals.

A chapel where services may be held or bodies kept when desired. Advice and information given.

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202 MERRIMACK ST.

Wait for the big clean-up sale of the Grogire stock, commencing Saturday morning, February 22, at 9 o'clock. Bargains for everybody.

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To overlook a single article in our Merrimack street window. They are best appreciated by the more particular class of customers, at a price just like finding money.

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Bookseller and Stationer  
79 Merrimack Street.

## CESSATION OF INHUMAN WARFARE FOLLOWS ARREST OF MADERO

## ANNUAL REPORT OF HEALTH BOARD

Mortality Rate of 1912 Lowest in Twenty-Three Years—Chairman Raps Critics

The thirty-fifth annual report of the Lowell board of health was filed with the city clerk today. The report is a very voluminous one and for schism and shell it stands foremost in the ranks of departmental reports.

The report is a very encouraging one. The death rate for the year was 17.79, the lowest excepting 1904, in which year, the report claims, the figures 16.62 were obtained from an overestimated population and that a revision of the figures would show the mortality rate of 1912 to have been the lowest in the last 23 years.

Also by far, the lowest on record is the number of deaths from cholera infantum in 1912.

Dr. Pierre Brunelle, the board chairman, hits back in his report, at the board's critics. He says it would be unfair to the epidemic of 1912 (meaning the scarlet fever epidemic), without passing upon the remarkable activity of the political affiliations.

Beginning a new paragraph, the doctor calls into a local paper that he says was apparently assisted by a few medical friends. In reference to this the report reads: "All these (meaning the newspaper and the doctors) seemed to understand one another in concerted action. Apparently there was formulated a well organized plan of campaign work."

"Throughout the slinging storm of denunciation, happily from certain quarters only, the present board never wavered, but kept along its clear and just course, notwithstanding unreasonable requests of the board by powerful organizations—meditately tipped, to do this or that thing, undoubtedly with the object in view, through concerted effort, to rush the members of the board

of health into a corner from which it could never extricate itself with good grace in the eyes of the general public." It is interesting to note, continues the report, "that up to October 16, 1912, we had reported at the board of health office 318 cases of scarlet fever, and one death as compared with the corresponding period of 1910, when Dr. Martin was chairman of the board and when there were 224 cases of scarlet fever reported and 26 deaths from same."

In concluding this paragraph Dr. Brunelle refers again to the newspaper and the doctors, as follows:

"Striking how well all these parties could contemplate with eloquent silence the wonderful and ineradicable ways of Providence in 1910."

Further along in his report the doctor writes: "It is well to remark here, the French-American population, combined with that of the Greeks, Polish and other nationalities such as the Portuguese, Italian, etc., approximate a population of 50,000 people, shown for a period since the last of August to the last of the year a total of but 16 cases of scarlet fever."

The doctor at this point indulges in a lot of sarcasm and allows that the 50,000 people referred to did not come in contact with the newspaper in question and thus escaped the virulence of infection.

Referring again to the doctors who criticized the work of the board Dr. Brunelle states: "Why could not these medical lights who were in the habit of meeting secretly, come forward and lead to their brothers in the profession on the board a helping hand in imparting some of their fine medical knowledge about scarlet fever, which they chose to keep in secret, behind closed doors?"

## AFTER SEPARATION OF 25 YEARS

Mother and Son Reunited in This City—Both Thought Each Other Dead

There is no happier couple in Lowell today than Mrs. Nellie Murphy of 15 East Merrimack street, and her son, Henry Watson, aged 30 years, who have met again after being separated for 25 years. Both thought each other dead until a year ago, when Mrs. Murphy found that her son was alive and making his home in Erie, Pa. She immediately corresponded with him, and six weeks ago she went to Erie and there met him, and finally had the young man decide to return to his birthplace, Lowell, and the couple arrived yesterday morning.

All joined in shouts of joy.

The shouts that were sent up were not those of the partisans of a vigorous army but of people whose nerves had been worn to tatters by their enforced participation in a long and desperate battle in the confined space of a great city.

As the noise of the reverberating reports from the guns died away the sound of merriment from all the church bells of the city rang out. They had been ordered to be set in motion by a message from the national park.

It did not take the public long to realize what had occurred and before the details of the formation of the provisional government under General Victoriano Huerta had been completely worked out the residents of the capital had begun to give vent to their joy and relief by manifestations all over the city.

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American residents congregated in the district about the United States embassy were just as demonstrative in giving expression to their great relief as were the Latin Americans.

In diplomatic circles where the tension also had been great the solution which had been found was greeted with great relief.

Mr. Watson always thought his mother was dead, while Mrs. Murphy, who was living in Lowell and who had married again, in vain to locate her child. A year ago, however, her efforts were successful for she found her only son was in Erie, Pa. She immediately wrote to him and the correspondence was kept up until six weeks ago, when Mrs. Murphy received a telegram from the wife of her son, asking her to go to Erie at once. Fearing something had happened to her son, the woman quickly boarded a train for the eastern city. Although the mother and son did not recognize each other at once, the meeting was a most pleasant one and instead of one long visit, the 10-year-old son and his mother, who had come to have her son near her, pleaded with him to come and make his home in this city, and finally be consented and the party arrived in Lowell yesterday. They are stopping

at 15 East Merrimack street.

Mr. Watson's wife and son will remain in Erie for some time yet, but they too, will later remove to Lowell.

**CASTORIA**  
For Infants and Children  
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bear the  
Signature of

*Castorina*

A  
LITTLE  
OIL

Once in a while a little oil—

That's the only attention an electric motor needs.

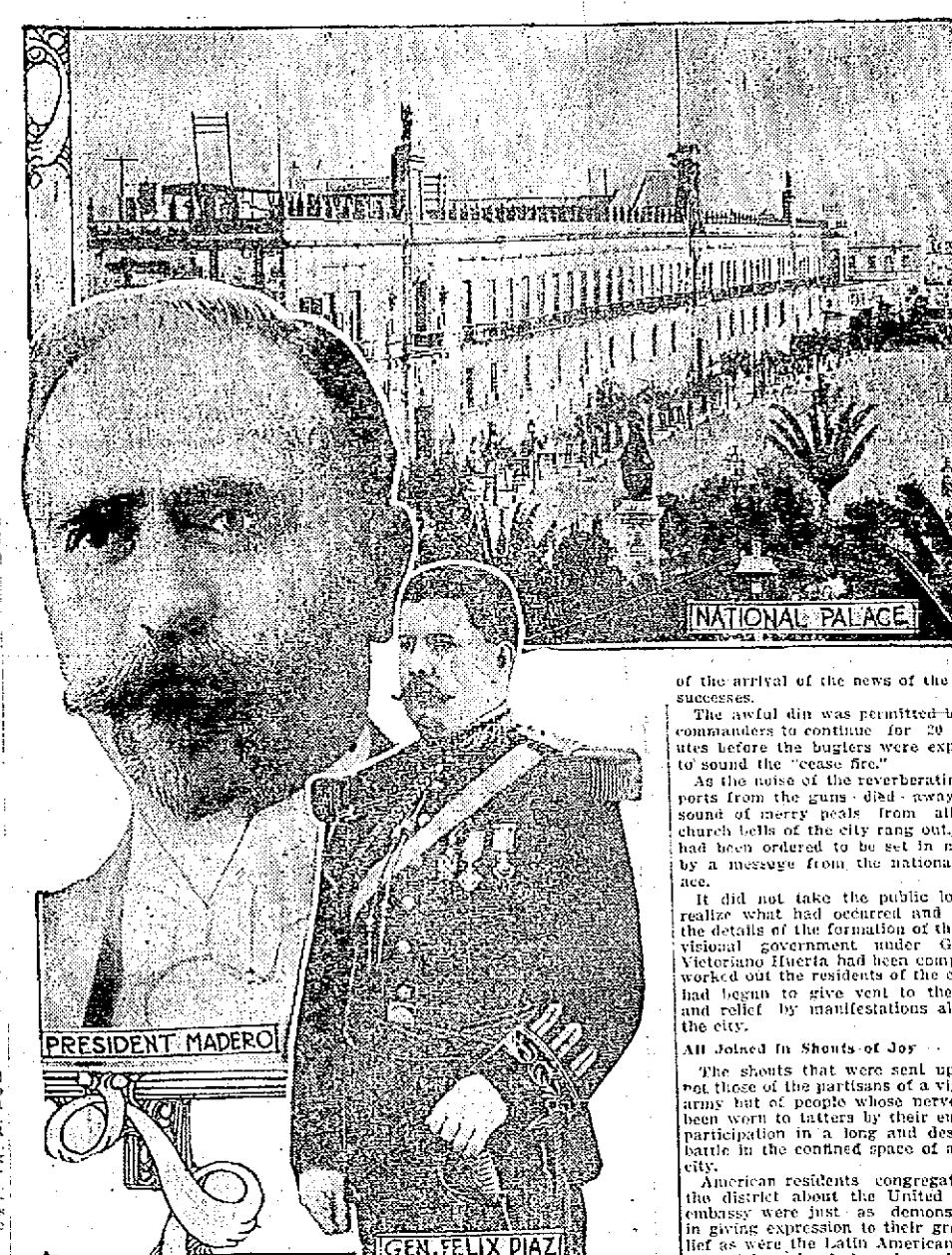
Bolted on a beam or ceiling it is always ready—day or night.

Electric power will PAY YOU.

Lowell Electric

Light Corp.

50 CENTRAL ST.



**PRESIDENT MADERO**  
"Hurrah for Madero!" "Hurrah for Diaz!" "Hurrah for Madero!" sounded everywhere throughout the city.

**GEN. FELIX DIAZ**

The part played by the American embassy in the settlement of the difficulties of Mexico gained for the American flag such a tribute as rarely had been witnessed in Mexico City. The messenger from the embassy, Harry E. Wilson, had gone through the fire of the rebel lines to the arsenal conveying the message of peace sent by Ambassador Wilson he drove to the national palace in an automobile bearing a white flag on one side and the stars and stripes on the other.

**Brother of Madero Arrested**

Gustavo Madero, another brother of President Madero, was among those arrested. He had been denounced in many quarters since the first days of the Madero administration as an ardent politician and had been charged with being a false counselor of the president. Later in the day General Diaz and Gen. Felipe Angeles and two of the federal commanders who were not in accord with General Huerta's plan were added to the list of prisoners.

The plan had originally been made without the knowledge of Felix Diaz, the rebel leader. The word, however, soon permeated the rebel lines and then began such a fusillade from the machine guns and such volleys from the rifles as had been seen but seldom since the opening of hostilities.

**News Celebrated by Shots**

It appeared for a time as though every machine gun and every rifle in the arsenal had been brought into action in the effort to fire away all the remaining stores of ammunition there. It was, however, merely in celebration

Continued to Last Page

DO WE LEAD?

Sixty three chocolate almonds at 32c a pound (only 250 pounds) while they last. Wedgemore chocolates (assorted) 40c quantity in meat pound boxes only, at 29c. Sealed packages from 10c up of such standard brands as Huyler's, Russell's, Samson, Quality, Lowrey's, Schrafft's, Laxow, La Roche, Varsity and Belle Mead Sweets. Howard, the Druggist, 197 Central street. (Coconut cakes arrive Friday, a dozen.)

**DEATHS**

**PERRY**—Mrs. Diana M. Perry, an old resident of this city, died this morning at her home, 16 Hoblins street, after a long illness, at the age of 65 years, 6 months and 10 days. She is survived by her husband, John Perry, Sr., one son, John Perry, Jr.; one grandson, Hendrick S., and one granddaughter, Alfredine S. Perry, and two nieces. Funeral notice later.

**J. P. Morgan Better**

**LONDON**, Feb. 19.—J. P. Morgan, according to a special despatch from Cairo, went out driving today. He slept last night better than he had done for some time and is recovering from his attack of indigestion. His granddaughter has left Egypt for Rome.



## PRINCIPAL HENRY H. HARRIS

Of the Varnum School Addressed  
Mothers' Association at First  
Congregational Church

The monthly meeting of the Mothers' help, but parents can generally find association of the First Congregational church took place this afternoon in the vestry of the church and was largely something about what was done. A feature of the afternoon was the address by Principal H. H. Harris of the Varnum school, who spoke on "The Home and the School."

The meeting was opened at 3 o'clock by the president, Mrs. George Heath, and this was followed by the devotional exercises presided over by Mrs. Robert S. Fulton. Mrs. William F. Lyon rendered a fine violin selection being accompanied on the piano by Master George Faulkner of the Varnum school.

Among those present was the pastor of the church, Rev. Mr. Newcomb. Mr. Harris' address was in part, as follows:

"Two great bulwarks which have safeguarded our civilization and culture are the home and the school. Other institutions have, indeed, made valuable contributions, but to the home and to the school are we indebted for the noblest fruits of modern life."

"Each has its own distinct duties and functions, but the division is not fixed and invariable, nor is the line of demarcation between the special fields of each always easy to draw. Today's demands upon each are different from those of yesterday, and future requirements will not be identical with those of today. The nature and character of school work and home duties are in a state of revolution, of rapid adjustment to changing conditions. In past generations the influence of the home overshadowed that of the school. In the home the child received the major part of his training for his later life. The training produced and prepared nearly all the food consumed by the family, and in a measure of the work which is now carried on in the factory was then performed. It was the scene of diversified industry as well as the center of the child's social life; in contrast, the school was merely the place where the famous three R's were explained to the unwilling youth."

"As the years roll steadily by, the home has lost one by one, many of its important and characteristic functions. Particularly when located in a city like Lowell, it offers very little opportunity for observation of, or participation in, constructive work of any kind. The home chores are few; there is little wood to split, no garden to hoe, no cow to milk; no blacksmithing is done, no sheep are made, no cloth is spun, no wagon or sled is constructed; all this work is performed elsewhere. In fact, the city home offers no regular or systematic work of any importance for the youth, no opportunity for manual training or to perform stated tasks. As a consequence this devolves more and more on the school."

"My grandfather lived on a New Hampshire farm and raised or made pretty nearly everything required by his family for their necessity and comfort. His boys from early boyhood assisted him in all the farm work. They saw the ground prepared, the seed sown, watched the germination and the growth of the corn and oats, wheat, rye and barley; they helped in harvesting and threshing, and they took the resulting grain to mill and brought back the golden meal and flour, the reward of their toil. They learned the lessons of cause and effect, they felt the relations of man and nature in a way impossible to your children and mine. They were of necessity trained to labor and to be self-reliant and resourceful. Their course in manual training is not equaled in the best High school in the state."

"My grandmother took the flax and the wool raised on the farm, prepared it, and spun and wove it into cloth."

"I have always found that pupils do better work in school whose parents are accustomed to talking over the day's school work with them. Children rarely know themselves that they need

the undivided and undistracted attention of their parents."

Card of Thanks

The undersigned desire to thank all

those who by their sympathy and

beautiful tribute assisted in making

lighter the burden of sorrow in their

late bereavement in the loss of their

father, Nathaniel Bishop.

Herbert L. Bishop,

Warren A. Bishop.

DON'T allow your health to be undermined and your pleasures marred by dental breakdown.

Your teeth are not too far gone. Don't wait. My business is to save them without pain at reasonable prices. Call and get free consultation. I have every modern appliance to extract and fill teeth absolutely without pain.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED

Full set of teeth ..... \$3.00  
Gold Crowns and bridge work \$3.00  
Gold Fillings ..... \$1.00  
Silver Fillings ..... 50¢ up  
Teeth cleaned ..... 50¢ up

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Opposite City Hall

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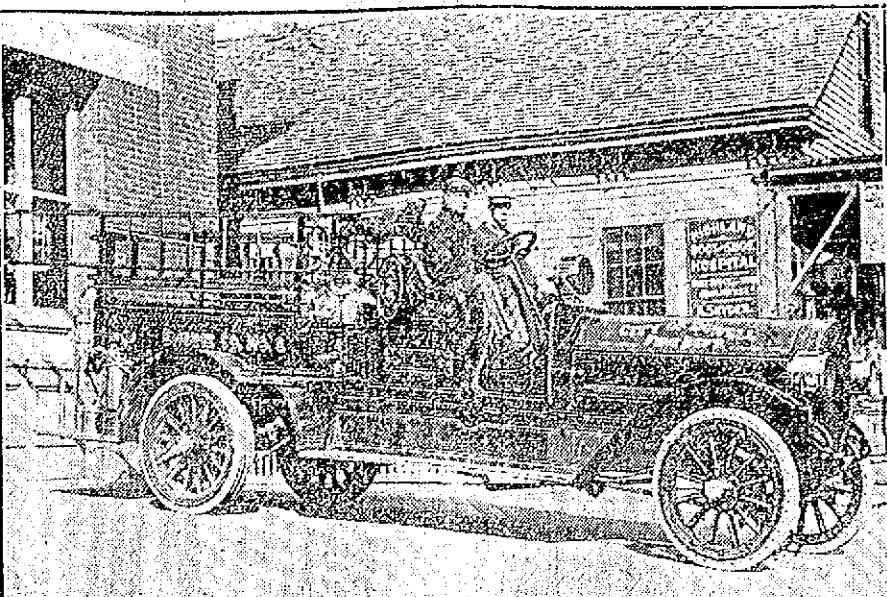
TABLETS AND PILLS

Miracle no Blood Purifier

THE GOVE CO., Wholesale and  
Retail Milliners, with stores in  
Lawrence and Haverhill, has bought  
out Gregoire's Millinery Store. Wait  
for the big clean-up sale of the  
Gregoire stock, starting Feb. 22nd,

HALL & LYNN CO., 67-69 Merrimack  
Street, Lowell, Mass.

## ANOTHER FIRE AUTO, THE SEAGRaves, TESTED THIS AFTERNOON BY COMMISSIONER BARRETT



THE NEW SEAGRAVE AUTO MACHINE

The Seagraves automobile combination hose and chemical was given a trial this afternoon. It was the last to arrive of the three machines recently purchased and by Commissioner Barrett seems to think exceptionally well of the Robinson machine, a great deal has been said in praise of the Seagrave machine by fire chiefs in

different cities throughout the country, cal tank with a capacity of 40 gallons; 200 feet of chemical hose; 100 feet of may be drawn later. The Seagraves is a six-cylinder machine and very powerful. It is air cooled, has electric search lights and electric lights throughout. The wheel base is 156 inches. The machine carries a chemi-

## BOMB EXPLOSION WRECKED HOUSE MAN KILLED BY TRAIN

### Suffragettes Accused of Placing Infernal Machine in Residence of David Lloyd George

LONDON, Feb. 19.—The country residence of Chancellor of the Exchequer David Lloyd George at Walton Heath was practically destroyed this morning by a bomb believed by the police at Scotland Yard to have been placed there either by militant suffragettes or male sympathizers with the women's suffrage movement. Sir Lloyd George's residence is a motor train in residence and nobody was injured as the residence has not yet been occupied. The whole of the rear portion of the house will have to be razed and rebuilt.

A bomb had been placed in one of the rooms of the residence, which is a modest home adjoining the links on

which Mr. Lloyd George plays. The internal machine was so powerful that the thick walls of the house were split in all directions and most of the rooms wrecked.

Two seven pound tin cans of black powder had been placed in two separate rooms among wood shavings saturated with oil in the midst of which burning candles had been fired.

The only claws obtained by the police are two broken bathtubs which were found among the wreckage.

It was declared by the neighbors that an automobile containing several persons passed through a nearby village in the early hours.

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## SCHOOLS AND TAX REFORMS

cation, which has become a feature of our magnificent public school system. Congressman-elect Rogers.

In the course of his talk on "Tax Reforms in Wisconsin," Mr. Rogers said:

"A consideration of the income tax proposition is not inappropriate in the light of what students of the problem have recently learned by experience of a practical nature. The tendency has always been to get the most out of taxation with the least objection from those who pay the bills. The taxation laws of Massachusetts and New York are similar to that of other states, but changes are gradually taking place in taxation methods throughout the states."

"One hundred years ago not one of our cities had been incorporated. The issue of stock was in its infancy, bonds were unknown. The possessions of a man were practically on the table in full view of the tax collector. That was fair."

"Following the establishment of corporations and the birth of intangible securities, we now mean taxable property hidden away in secret boxes and these in a constant loss to the public purse in consequence."

"The general taxing proposition in Massachusetts has broken down. Much of the existing unrest is undoubtedly due to the poverty of the small property owner who feels that he is paying the way of scoundrels more able to pay."

"It seems to me that the more tax should be levied on prosperity, not on adversity. A tax upon the man's ability to pay should be levied."

"The income tax is not new. It has been found practical in many lands. England first established the income tax in 1799, and maintained it until 1812. In 1812 Robert Bell had another income tax passed, and since that time it has been in use in various forms. England has established \$900 as the minimum tax in one taxation. Denmark, Italy, and Germany have adopted income taxation with success."

"There is another feature of the English tax which is based on a levy on bonds that are to yield dividends. This comes before the dividend has been paid."

"The only civilized government of Europe without the income tax is France and efforts have been made repeatedly to have it adopted by that country. The ultimate success of these efforts is not questioned."

"The point was raised years ago by a man named Springer that the income tax was not constitutional, and the controversy over this question lasted for years. Eventually, the courts ruled that the tax was constitutional."

"The assessment of such tax will mean a great benefit to offset the loss in tariff revenues during the incoming national administration."

"As to a state income tax, let me say that Massachusetts passed a law in 1912 providing for such tax, and to date we have a tax providing for taxation on incomes in excess of \$2000. I tried in vain to find how much income there is in Lowell from this source."

## Status of Wealth

"I would like to know how much of my wealth in Lowell is made up of personal and how much of real estate. In Wisconsin the figures are explicit. It is fair to say that in Massachusetts one dollar of personal value exists for one dollar of real estate value, but the tax does not show it."

"I should judge that four-fifths of our revenue by taxation in Lowell comes from real estate. That is not true."

"The so-called mill tax on personal property is a method advocated by some men who have studied the question. In my opinion, this is not the best method."

"Twenty states in this country have adopted the income tax in one form or another."

"Wisconsin is the experimental station of the country. It established in 1911 an income tax which yielded a revenue of \$3,500,000, an amount greater than the personal tax of the state."

"The Wisconsin law removes all taxes on a wide variety of personal property, including money, stocks and bonds. A living wage minimum of \$500 has been set for a single man, and \$1200 for a man and his wife. A wage of \$1800 paid to a man with wife and three children is exempt from taxation. The theory is that a hardship prevails on the individual in the way of taxation is reflected by expense to the state in the matter of almshouse and other bills."

"The taxation of a bond is not equitable, but the taxation of the return of the bond is fair. In Wisconsin, a man's wealth is the basis of taxation and his property."

"The state offers no relief under the tax, beyond 10 per cent. The city or town receives 50 per cent, and the county, 20 per cent."

"Every man must make a soon return of his wealth, and for failure to do this, imprisonment and double taxation are the penalties. The money raised in Wisconsin through income taxation comes largely from people who could well afford to pay, from people who had been dodging their taxes for years."

"Some income tax by states is proposed, regardless of the federal income tax. It is fair to the people generally, and I want to say that, although there may be many here who do not pay their just share to the city government today, it is because of neglect that practically the whole community shares in. But this condition is corrected, the city will not receive the money to which it is entitled."

\$12,000 Blaze at Amesbury

AMESBURY, Feb. 19.—All the fire-fighting apparatus in town was called out last night to fight a blaze which damaged the automobile body factory of J. E. Leitch. The loss was estimated at \$12,000, largely caused by water.

## SCHUMAKER IS MAYOR OF MALDEN

Defeated Doonan in Special Election—Mayor Barry Renominated in Cambridge

MALDEN, Feb. 19.—At the special election for mayor yesterday to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mayor George L. Farrell, ex-Alderman Chas. Schumaker was elected, defeating ex-Councilman Owen C. Doonan by 1092 votes. The vote by wards follows:

Wds. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Tds.  
Schumaker 523 160 488 442 112 673 147 3135  
Doonan 297 768 224 231 129 181 303 2646

Mayor-elect Schumaker has been a resident of the city more than a quarter of a century. He is engaged in business here and is well known. He has been an alderman for six years and has been a member of the legislature from this district. More than 2000 voters out of a registration of 2500, went to the polls.

## BARRY RENOMINATED

Mayor of Cambridge Given Plurality of 1504—Carried Every Ward in the City—Increased Vote

BOSTON, Feb. 19.—The result of the democratic primary for mayor yesterday in Cambridge resulted in the renomination of Mayor J. Edward Barry by a plurality of 1504 votes.

The total vote for all candidates was 7311, just about the full strength of the party vote at a regular municipal election. The total of each candidate was:

J. Edward Barry, 3739; James A. Montgomery, 2145; James T. Barrett, 117; Michael M. O'Connor, 550; Charles H. Gaffney, 133.

It was an unusually hot campaign, and the handsome vote for Mayor Barry surprised even the knowing ones, as he got about 700 votes more than two years ago, when he was first nominated while Mr. Montgomery this year just about held his vote of two years ago.

## Husband and Wife Both Saved From Suffering

I wish to tell you the good results myself and husband received from Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. About 11 years ago I had a severe attack of Le Grange and was confined to my bed about eight weeks under the doctor's care. He pronounced my case Kidney trouble and rheumatism and not receiving the results from the doctor's treatment I should have received, I decided to try Swamp-Root. After taking several bottles of Swamp-Root I was able to get up and attend to my work. About a year later my husband was affected with a severe attack of kidney trouble and I doctored for some time with the doctors and received no benefit. Knowing of the good I had received, he decided to try Swamp-Root. His condition was such that he was confined to his bed and words cannot tell how he suffered, but after taking Swamp-Root he was relieved so he could go on with his work without pain. I wish to heartily recommend Swamp-Root to all persons afflicted with kidney and bladder troubles and you may publish this letter if you wish.

Yours truly,

MRS. A. E. BRIGGS,  
Editor, Pa.

Sworn and subscribed to before me, this 25th day of May, 1912.

IRA McCARTHY, Notary Public.

Letter to  
Dr. Kilmer & Co.,  
Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do  
For You.

Send to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling all about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention the Lowell Sun. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 19—Testimony designed to impeach Bert H. Franklin, former McNamara defense detective, who confessed having bribed jurors, was introduced yesterday in the second trial of Clarence S. Darrow. Frank Dominguez of Los Angeles, an attorney associated with Earl Rogers, until recently Darrow's chief counsel, and Gordon C. Watt of Helesta, clerk of the Montana senate, were among the principal witnesses.

Dominguez testified Franklin had told him that Darrow was not connected in the bribe with the McNamara jurors.

Watt, who formerly lived near Los Angeles, testified that Franklin told him the district attorney was only holding the charges over him (Franklin) to make him testify against Darrow, who was the man they wanted to get.

A Sale on Wheels

NEWBURYPORT, Feb. 19.—Officers Fenders and Hayes seized a wagon on Fair Street at about 6 last evening driven by a 14-year-old boy, the team containing a large amount of liquor that had been received in Haverhill and which the police believed was being brought into the city for a man who has been before the court frequently for the illegal sale of liquor.

In all they seized 300 bottles of beer, 50 gallons of whiskey and five gallons of gin. The liquor was taken to the police station and the driver held until the identity of the owner of the team can be established.

## SUFFRAGETTE TRIUMPH

Wilmington, Del., Welcomes the Marchers

WILMINGTON, Del., Feb. 19.—They are coming, they are coming, and one is changing her shoes down at the feet of the hill on Market street," cried a newsboy running up in front of the hotel where 1200 Wilmington people had been waiting to welcome "Gen." Rosalie Jones of New York and her suffragettes on their way to Washington. The crowd rushed down Market street hill and encountered Chief Scout Mrs. Olive Schulz of New York. She was changing her shoes, but they were two of the shoes of her little scouting automobile.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets do not contain calomel, but a healing soother laxative.

No griping is the "keynote" of these little sugar-coated tablets.

They cause the bowels and liver to act normal. They never force them into unnatural action.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are so easy to take that children do not regard them as "medicine" at all.

If you have a "dark brown mouth" now and then—a bad, breath—a dull, tired feeling—sleek headache—torn liver and—constipated, you'll find quick, sure and only pleasant results from one or two little Olive Tablets less.

"Thousands take one every night just to keep right. Try them.

"Every little Olive Tablet has a movement all its own." 10¢ and 25¢ per box.

The Olive Tablet Co., Columbus, O.

## NO MORE CONSTIPATION

It's Me for Olive Tablets!

That is the joyful cry of thousands since Dr. Edwards produced Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards, a practicing physician for 17 years and Calomel's old-time enemy, discovered the formula for Olive Tablets while treating patients for chronic constipation and torpid livers.

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DO YOU SUE FOR LOSS OF SLEEP

Action Based on Building of Subway.

BOSTON, Feb. 19—Alleging local prejudice and the interest of the great majority of jurors in the financial responsibility of the city as reasons why they could not get an impartial trial by Lucy in Suffolk county, Isaac Gerder, Morris Edelstein and Alice Schneider of the Wet End have asked to have the trial of their suits against the city of Boston to be held in Suffolk county. There are about 200 camp followers from New York who have walked most of the way, and an interesting delegation from Princeton, Trenton and Philadelphia.

The day had been one of intoxicating success, for the lovely countryside through which these women had walked had been of suffrage sentiment.

Among the young women who enlisted at Chester is Miss Adelaide Birtell, 17 years of age. She was accompanied by a convert to the cause she had made all by herself. The convert Miss Marjorie Blakely, whose mother didn't approve of her going because she, the mother, was the vice president of the Chester Anti-Suffrage League.

Another volunteer said she was Mrs. Georgiana H. Lehman, 67 years old, who accompanied by a convert to the cause she had made all by herself. The convert Miss Marjorie Blakely, whose mother didn't approve of her going because she, the mother, was the vice president of the Chester Anti-Suffrage League.

As the army passed a little wayside cemetery it saw at the gate a little woman in rusty widow's weeds who carried a bunch of flowers. Her face caught the eye of Miss Jones, who smiled and instantly the widow came forward, pressing into her hands half of the flowers. "I brought them for my grand daughter of my little girl who has slept here for years and years," she said. "She was just such another sweet-faced child as you must have been, and if God hadn't taken her I'm sure she would have grown up to be just a lovely woman as you are." Miss Jones patted the moist-eyed woman on the shoulder and whispered something that no one heard and the army swept on.

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BASEBALL AND FIELD SPORTS

## THE SUN SPORTING PAGE

BOXING, GOLF AND ATHLETICS

## DOUBLE HEADER PLAYED

In the Baraca League Last Night

## FIRST BAPTIST AND TRINITARIAN TEAMS ROLLED SIX-STRINGS

Each Team Took a Game—Other League Games Rolled—Many Interesting Contests, With Good Scores

There were two games played in the Baraca bowling league last night, the First Baptist team defeating the Trinitarian team, and the second game, by nearly a hundred pins, while in the second match between them the First Baptist team was beaten by the small margin of 12 pins. Turnball of the Trinitarian team was high mall with a total of 311.

The Calvary Baptist team took the measure of the Swedish M. E. bowling team in their game last night in the Baraca league. F. Schobert of the losers was the highest three string roler with a total of 292.

The Plumbers won their match with the Parcel Post team in their Brundwick league game by the score of 313 to 383. Hessian rolled high with 311.

The scores of all the matched games and their summaries are as follows:

## TRINITARIAN CONG.

Barlow 1 2 3 T13  
Turnball 70 52 7 233  
Ferguson 32 38 68 231  
Hibbs 27 36 80 234  
Brown 52 79 109 273  
Totals 99 85 95 289

## FIRST BAPTIST

Willis 95 87 83 266  
Chapman 55 88 93 266  
Woodman 94 109 107 310  
Johnson 59 26 84 279  
Bowen 37 90 90 217  
Totals 470 470 457 1337

The score of the second game:

## TRINITARIAN CONG.

Barlow 1 2 3 T13  
Turnball 89 87 90 266  
Ferguson 32 38 68 231  
Hibbs 27 36 80 234  
Brown 52 79 109 273  
Totals 126 123 117 293

## FIRST BAPTIST

Willis 95 87 83 266  
Chapman 55 88 93 266  
Woodman 94 109 107 310  
Johnson 59 26 84 279  
Bowen 37 90 90 217  
Totals 470 470 457 1337

C. V. M. L. Won Game

The game last night between the basketball teams of the South Ends and the C. V. M. L. may mean that basketball is going to be revived in Lowell. The game was a very good exhibition of the sport and the partisan spirit was right there all the time. The C. V. M. L. team were the winners.

Lawrence High Trainer

In preparation for the meet with the total team next Saturday night the Lawrence High track team held its tryouts Monday. Coaches Sidley and Ford were in charge and the boys were worked to their limit. Higgins seems to be considered the mainstay of the Lawrence team. This athlete is entered in no less than four events, ranging in distance from the short dash to 600 yards. If this boy can run sprints and middle distance races with the same adaptability he must be some runner.

## DIAMOND NOTES

No man in baseball ever had more fun with a ball club than Billy Shettle. He has held with the Phillips. Shettle has served the Quakers in every official capacity. He has been playing manager, secretary, president and business manager. The only job Billy has overlooked are official bills, disposal, but boy and bar tender at the water cooler. Shake-up in the ownership of the Phillips do not faze Shettle, and after every new upheaval Bill is still on deck.

## CALVARY BAPTIST

Myrick 56 19 102 274  
Davis 93 94 90 277  
Phinney 93 54 97 274  
Moody 88 92 106 235  
Totals 458 444 491 1333

## PLUMBERS

Hessian 108 100 103 311  
Quirk 97 92 105 237  
Devlin 92 94 100 278  
Sheppard 83 95 96 262  
Burns 100 98 106 272  
Totals 453 467 493 1413

## PARCEL POSTS

Ivers 86 107 89 273  
Aguirre 87 99 98 263  
Slaters 91 99 97 263  
Turcotte 91 94 97 263  
Willis 96 96 104 293  
Totals 442 498 445 1388

## TEAM SIX

Beauregard 93 94 91 274  
Xillipatrick 88 91 95 274  
Totals 151 155 166 552

## TEAM SEVEN

Bourke 107 99 88 264  
Crafts 97 95 88 262  
Totals 201 184 176 554

## MCCARTHY'S PETS

Sullivan 82 88 86 256  
Campbell 91 104 105 290  
McCarthy 87 88 88 263  
Willis 87 85 87 259  
Dempers 93 97 97 287  
Totals 410 452 463 1355

## COLE'S WONDERS

Cole 102 99 63 225  
Hall 87 107 99 225  
Hewitt 55 55 51 251  
Sney 101 70 79 230  
Dickey 103 100 55 237  
Totals 500 451 447 1357

## MULLIN'S PETS

Mullin 1 2 3 T13  
McLaughlin 59 73 71 227  
Matley 57 74 72 233  
Laird 59 55 53 248  
Duffy 84 78 49 256  
Totals 413 394 414 1221

## MONETTE'S GLOOMS

Monette 69 78 62 210  
Doctt 74 84 83 241  
Garner 69 76 61 206  
Leaver 87 81 82 251  
S. Matley 72 73 78 232  
Lees 57 103 58 291  
Totals 371 391 378 1140

## WAMESIT

1 2 3 T13  
Lykess 100 79 97 275  
Hambleton 82 87 85 254  
Halfenny 88 85 87 273  
J. McKinley 81 86 78 245  
Lees 97 103 88 291  
Totals 448 458 433 1330

## MERRIMACK VALLEY

Chadwick 93 50 88 256  
Godren 92 82 110 284  
Nichols 82 85 94 261  
Mason 82 86 85 258  
Chapman 119 89 82 253  
Totals 475 419 453 1345

## DRAFTSMEN

McKittrick 86 76 79 242  
Seales 54 80 85 213  
Judd 77 91 73 241  
Goodchild 77 80 58 213  
Sleek 82 94 89 250  
Totals 406 421 375 1202

## OFFICE

Hammond 79 87 76 242  
Hale 76 88 84 241  
Farrell 79 63 72 236  
Pilkington 74 87 75 236  
Baker 80 88 95 263  
Totals 388 413 362 1203

REDS

Cook 71 75 58 247  
Hough 88 85 103 279  
Horley 75 75 76 222  
Gill 95 79 70 250  
O'Loughlin 88 85 80 263  
Totals 430 393 433 1261

BLUES

Leonard 69 87 72 222  
Brackett 70 95 79 240  
Bigelow 76 86 88 244  
Rowe 63 65 86 217  
Corbett 95 75 103 291  
Totals 375 405 424 1204

WASHINGTONS

Renshaw 1 2 3 T13  
Wilkies 93 92 87 277  
Elanigan 77 100 112 291  
Fox 89 81 94 264  
Mechan 89 111 90 250  
A. Doyle 122 95 130 231  
Totals 356 381 400 1272

SILENT KNIGHTS

Harrington 89 85 94 271  
Bilbous 76 74 81 211  
McGrover 78 81 80 232  
A. McMahon 75 77 59 212  
B. McMahon 86 93 105 263  
J. McMahon 86 182 93 251  
Totals 499 495 516 1540

Electric Enunciators at Ball Park

CHICAGO, Feb. 19.—Electric enunciators are to be placed at sixty-three additional points in the American league baseball park by President C. C. Keay in an attempt to do away with the annoyances to patrons who have heretofore been unable to read the names of players substituted when changes in the lineups become known. The new arrangement was given a trial at the park yesterday with only four of the enunciators in position and the effect was said to be so satisfactory that the improvement was immediately decided on. They will be placed in all stands including the bleachers.

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Lawrence High Trainer

In preparation for the meet with the total team next Saturday night the Lawrence High track team held its tryouts Monday. Coaches Sidley and Ford were in charge and the boys were worked to their limit. Higgins seems to be considered the mainstay of the Lawrence team. This athlete is entered in no less than four events, ranging in distance from the short dash to 600 yards. If this boy can run sprints and middle distance races with the same adaptability he must be some runner.

## DIAMOND NOTES

No man in baseball ever had more fun with a ball club than Billy Shettle. He has held with the Phillips. Shettle has served the Quakers in every official capacity. He has been playing manager, secretary, president and business manager. The only job Billy has overlooked are official bills, disposal, but boy and bar tender at the water cooler. Shake-up in the ownership of the Phillips do not faze Shettle, and after every new upheaval Bill is still on deck.

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## THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARGINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

## TAFT TO MADERO

That portion of the press which has striven to stir up the passions of an excited public since the Mexican uprising, by referring to President Taft as "a man of straw," may find nothing to admire in the firmness and good sense of the message he has addressed to Pres. Madero of Mexico, regarding the policy of the United States. On the other hand the more conciliatory part of the press, and the same judgment of public opinion, will find that the president has taken the wisest course possible, and in doing so sacrifices neither American firmness nor American dignity.

Madero, it would seem, took the orders of the president to the army and navy to mean that America meant to intervene at once in Mexican affairs. He protested against this with the result that the president in his note says, "Fresh assurances of friendship to Mexico are unnecessary after two years of proof of patience and good will." This is stating the situation calmly but firmly. While the president's message has a vein of sincere sympathy the dominant note is one of firm protest. This is not the time for a fawning or suppliant attitude. America does not say, "Pray spare the lives and property of Americans." She says rather, "You must save them. We have long been patient."

As to the landing of American troops the president makes no promises to refrain from doing so but alludes to his orders to the army and navy as "measures of a natural precaution." Without doubt the president cannot fail to see the far-reaching consequences of intervention in Mexico, and does not mean to act hastily. That portion of the press and public whose honor is supersensitive, would be the first to deplore and condemn the action of the government if hasty intervention in Mexico had embroiled us in years of warfare and misunderstanding.

The president says, "The present paramount duty is the prompt relief of the situation." In this he makes plain that America in seeking to end the Mexican trouble, is actuated by the principles which as a nation we have always preached and not by cupidity or a desire for territorial extension. In all its particulars the note to Madero voices the sentiment of the people of this country, and it is to be hoped, that the policy outlined and advocated therein will guide the trend of public discussion in this delicate situation.

The note will probably do a great deal in solving the future procedure of the opposing parties in Mexico, as far as their relations with us are concerned. Not only Madero but Diaz will now understand that so long as they hold American interests sacred, there shall be no intervention, but as the continual disturbance has created in this country "extreme pessimism" regarding their desire or ability to protect our people, a violation of their duty regarding American interests will be met with intervention regardless of consequences.

Now that Madero is arrested by the federal army it is probable that Diaz will be master of the situation until the army turns against him in favor of some other leader.

## INAUGURATION HOTEL RATES

A resolution has been offered in the house by Representative Johnson of Kentucky, to prevent the restaurants, hotels, and such establishments of Washington, charging any more than the usual amount during inauguration week. It is doubtful that congress will take kindly to the measure, but of its popularity there can be no doubt. Those who intend to journey to the capital would, if in their power, compel the restaurant and hotel keepers to keep their charges within reach. Still it is questionable if congress would have a moral right in imposing such a measure as the rise in prices is governed by the same law that regulates supply and demand in every branch of business.

The people who go to Washington on pleasure must expect to spend more during inauguration week than at any other time. Entertainments make the extra a little more swift. Congress itself makes appropriations for a suitable celebration of the occasion. It is doubtful that if it is a good or just policy to forbid the rise in prices that is a sure feature of the time. When the law deals with this in a considerate sense, and as it affects business in general, the time will be ripe for reform, but it is not consistent that the hotels and restaurants of any one city, at any one time, should be discriminated against. No matter how unjust the exorbitant prices are we must make up our minds to pay them, so long as we remember that "there are no gains without pains."

## VERMONT'S BLUE SKY LAW

The public sentiment against fake investment schemes is rapidly finding

## Seen and Heard

"Say, Elzie," said Don, "why didn't Moses take a Jack rabbit into the ark?"  
"I don't know," replied Elzie. "Why did he take a rabbit along?"  
"Because Moses never saw the ark," said Don, and the joke was on Elzie and the Jack rabbit.

"This dog of mine is some dog, let me tell you. He has a wonderful pedigree." I suppose you trace him away back to the dog Noah took into the ark?"  
"Say, this dog's ancestors didn't go into the ark; he had a bark of his own."

A very mean trick was played a young man at a local hotel a few days ago. He had purchased a pound of candy (99 cents per), for his girl and left in the hotel office while he went to the bar to make business good for the brewery. An hour later he returned to the office, received his box of candy and tripped lightly to the door of the hotel room, of course. The young lady was delighted, but when she opened the box and found that beneath the first layer of chocolates, there reposed a potato, onion, carrot and two or three soda crackers, she turned upon her Adonis with flashing eyes. He couldn't explain because he didn't know anything about it. The shift was made in the hotel office.

Here is one that Governor Peas tells with relish:

A young man married a pretty little widow, and the next day one of the lady guests gave a description of the affair at a meeting of the sewing society. "And do you know?" she continued, after giving a detailed account of the gewgaws, presents and cake. "Just as Jimmie and the widow started up the aisle toward the altar every light in the church went out. It was—"

"Kept right on going," was the prompt rejoinder of the first lady. "The widow knew the way."

Capt. Robert C. Ward, about to retire from sea life after 40 years of it, said on the Campaign:

"Yes, it is true that sea captains are sometimes annoyed by passengers who think they know more about navigation than the navigator.

"I have a specimen to whom a passenger once said:

"What town is this we are approaching, cap?"

"Permit, sir."

"No, cap, you are mistaken. Look at the map here." According to Capt. Ward, it's a "dead-on-the-map" place.

The captain said nothing, and a moment later the passenger asked:

"What channel is that, captain?"

"Egg channel, sir."

"Why, man, you're wrong again! That's given it as Stellin channel."

"Three or four times this sort of thing went on. Then the passenger, pointing to a gull, said:

"What kind of a gull is that, cap?"

"Look at your map and find out," the captain gruffly answered.

## WORDS

An unkind word was rudely, rashly hurled. At one whose face wore smiles, whose heart was glad; like poisoned, buried spear it pierced and stung. The smiles were tears and happy heart was sad. A word of love, a smile, a handclasp true. Was given one whose heart was torn with grief. Like sooths, perfumed balm it soothed and healed—

The tears turned smiles; the heart found sweet relief.

—Clea A. Parker-Fuller, in S. S. Times.

## EDITORIAL COMMENT

*Shows at Work*  
Portland Express: Hard work at bookbinders' expense to have a remarkable effect on the public's spirit of Harry Tracy. It is a pity that he could not have thought of this sure recipe for a normal and contented mind years ago when he had his freedom and before the unfortunate deed that was responsible for his present whereabouts.

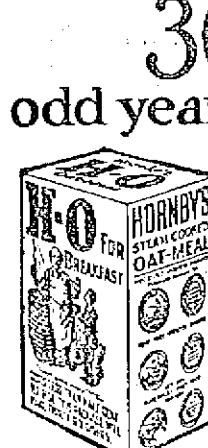
## Taff's Felt

Springfield Union: President Taft has vetoed the immigration bill because of the literacy test which it imposes, but so large was the majority which that measure received in congress that it is thought it may be passed over the veto. It is to be hoped that it will not be done. The literacy test would afford no remedy against this it is ostensibly intended to correct; it would add \$1,000,000 to the annual cost of enforcement, which is a sum which is more important than all else, it is a wrong provision, un-American in principle and likely to cause incalculable economic loss to the nation by withdrawing us from some of the best allies that come to us.

## Militant Suffragists

Brooklyn Entertainer: Only a few years ago we were all told that ladies who had reached the years of discretion were supposed to behave most conspicuously and politely in public, at least. The militant suffragettes all but ignore this setting that theory all away. Their performances have

How my friends have multiplied these 30 odd years!



The H-O Company, Buffalo, N.Y.  
Makers of H-O, Force, and Presto

**THE GOVE CO.** Wholesale and Retail Milliners, with stores in Lawrence and Haverhill, has bought out Gregoire's Millinery Store. Wait for the big clean-up sale of the Gregoire stock, starting Feb. 22nd.

**Senate Passes Seed Resolution**  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Coinage of the new nickel was ordered by Secretary McVaugh yesterday, despite objections of certain slot machine interests. It will be placed in circulation in the course of a week. The new coin will have an Indian head on the face and a Buffalo on the reverse.

**Senate Passes Seed Resolution**  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Two resolutions, one calling on the postmaster general to furnish the senate the cost of distribution of seeds through the mail under frank and the other calling on the secretary of agriculture to inform the senate the cost of the seeds were passed by the senate yesterday.

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# THE GREATEST MONUMENT TO THE FATHER OF HIS COUNTRY

EVERY patriotic American carries a monument of admiring remembrance to George Washington in his heart; so that even without a statue or obelisk standing in his honor the name of the first president would still be unforgotten. But all humanity requires the outward and visible form for that which it inwardly feels; hence the Nation has long since erected the greatest shaft in the world to the man who was certainly one of its greatest commanders—both in war and in peace.

Long before the death of the Father of his Country the Continental Congress had decreed that "an equestrian statue of General Washington be erected at the place where the residence of Congress shall be established. It shall be supported by a marble pedestal, in which must be represented four principal events of the war in which he commanded in person."

However, the passage of the act was not followed by any legislative action looking to its practical execution. Sixteen years elapsed before this ambitious project even took sufficient hold on the people to be even seriously considered. In 1799 John Marshall made a motion, in the House of Representatives, that "a marble monument be erected by the United States, at the City of Washington, and that the family of General Washington be requested to permit his body to be deposited under it." A committee was appointed to carry out the project and Mr. Henry Lee was made its chairman.

It directed that the resolutions of the Congress of 1783 be carried out and the inscription approved by it be engraved upon the base of the monument. This report was, however, amended by the House as a whole in favor of a "mausoleum of American granite and marble, in pyramidal form, one hundred feet square at the base and of a proportionate height."

On New Year's Day, 1801, the House of Representatives passed a bill appropriating the sum of \$200,000 for the monument, and the people in general thought that at last it would be started. But statements of yesterday seem to have been as profuse in delaying matters of legislation as their sons of today, for the Senate failed to concur in the act and the entire project was allowed to languish through the stirring years leading up to the War of 1812. Indeed, more than thirty years elapsed before anything definite was done toward erecting the monument or even deciding upon a design.

In 1833 the Washington National Monument Society was founded by several patriotic men of Washington who had become disgusted with the procrastination of Congress. These public-spirited citizens determined to have a statue, or monument of Washington if it had to be obtained without the aid of Congress. John Marshall, the great Chief Justice, though nearly eighty years old, was chosen as the first president of the Society and Judge William Cranch, eminent as a jurist, became the first vice-president. With a board of thirteen managers they obtained subscriptions enough to start the achievement. In 1818 Congress, probably through a sense of its own impotence, authorized

the Society to build the monument and the present site was selected—no doubt because it was the one picked out by George Washington in 1775 as suitable for a revolutionary monument he had hoped to see erected.

No restrictions were placed on the plans for the monument, so far as regards the design or form of the sculptor; and a great many—some of them of almost grotesque proportions—were

selected structure so perfectly carried out the desires of its creators.

Yet even the Mills' conception was far more be-trimmed and ornamented than the monument as it appears at present. The first design provided for a shaft 600 feet high, to be surmounted, at the height of one hundred feet from the ground, by a Corinthian colonnade encircled by groups of equestrian statuary. Over the

shaft the long slumbering patriotism rolled up and over! The populace acted as frenzied as a typical French mob. Seizing the long ropes which had been attached to the truck, thousands of people dragged at them along the entire length of Pennsylvania Avenue to Fourteenth street and southward to the bridge crossing the old Canal and making an island of South Washington.

Here the public's zeal proved greater than its wisdom, and, every one putting on mass, the combined weight of people and marble broke down the further end of the bridge. The embryo cornerstone was dumped into the water and there reposed until mechanical appliances could be brought from the Navy Yard to drag the stone from its mire bed.

The President of the United States is always president of the Monument Society, so James K. Polk presided over the cornerstone-laying exercises on July Fourth, 1845, of which the Grand Lodge of Masons of the District of Columbia had charge. A spacious chamber had been cut into the stone and lined with copper plate; it was made the repository for various charts, newspapers, maps, portraits, coins and documents.

Copies of the Constitution of the United States and the Declaration of Independence were the first papers laid in the recess. Then followed a large design of the Washington monument, with the fac-simile of the names of the Presidents of the United States to date and of other men of prominence; an historical sketch of the monument since its inception; a portrait of Washington, from Stuart's portrait at Fenwick Hall, Philadelphia; a copy of the grant for the site of the monument under the joint resolution of Congress; Watterson's New Guide to Washington—which is a rare curiosity in these days when what was then very far out into the country is now a vista of apartment houses and stores.

Also—all the coins of the United States, a coat of arms of the Washington family; a daguerreotype of General and Mrs. Washington, with a penny of 1783, the year in which the monument was first planned; astronomical observations for 1846; and various leading newspapers and periodicals all were worthy of a place in the little hollow.

From then on contributions poured in from banks, from school children, generous citizens, patriotic and fraternal societies and even from entertainments, until either the country's enthusiasm or cash was exhausted. The shaft had reached the height of 152 feet and there the stone workers had to put a full stop. In 1878 Congress made an appropriation for its completion and the actual work was put in charge of Col. Thomas J. Casey, of the Corps of Engineers, U. S. A.

As his report showed the monu-

ment to be none too safe, its foundations were deepened from twenty to thirty-eight feet and the eighty-foot square forming the base was broadened to one hundred and twenty-six and a half feet. But another change had occurred which not even skilled engineering could overcome. All the marble had been obtained from the same Maryland quarry to the time of the cessation of activities. When

work was resumed this same quarry

received. Of them all, one by Robert Mills was selected. It called for a far more elaborate affair than the rugged monolith that had stood for so many years at the "back-gate" of the White House. The Society had insisted that the successful plan must harmoniously blend "durability, simplicity and grandeur."

And a tourist of today, whether practical, fanciful or a cynic, gazing upon the five hundred and fifty-five feet of tapering whiteness that rears its cap so determinedly into the air, must admit that seldom has any com-

petitor the designer planned to have

a huge statue of Washington in a chariot drawn by six horses and driven by the Goddess of Victory.

The cornerstone was laid with most impressive ceremonies, following a series of matches. Cut from a quarry at Cockeysville, Maryland, despite the oratorical plea of the eloquent Winthrop to "construct it of the peerless Parian marble," the huge block was brought to Washington on a special freight train and carefully placed upon a truck built to haul it to its present site.

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freight train and carefully placed upon

a truck built to haul it to its present

site.

porico the designer planned to have

a chariot drawn by six horses and driven by the Goddess of Victory.

The cornerstone was laid with most

impressive ceremonies, following a

series of matches. Cut from a quarry

at Cockeysville, Maryland, despite the

oratorical plea of the eloquent Winthrop to "construct it of the peerless

Parian marble," the huge block was

brought to Washington on a special

freight train and carefully placed upon

a truck built to haul it to its present

site.

As his report showed the monu-

ment to be none too safe, its foundations were deepened from twenty to thirty-eight feet and the eighty-foot square forming the base was broadened to one hundred and twenty-six and a half feet. But another change had occurred which not even skilled engineering could overcome. All the marble had been obtained from the same Maryland quarry to the time of the cessation of activities. When

work was resumed this same quarry

received. Of them all, one by Robert Mills was selected. It called for a far more elaborate affair than the rugged monolith that had stood for so many years at the "back-gate" of the White House. The Society had insisted that the successful plan must harmoniously blend "durability, simplicity and grandeur."

And a tourist of today, whether practical, fanciful or a cynic, gazing upon the five hundred and fifty-five feet of tapering whiteness that rears its cap so determinedly into the air, must admit that seldom has any com-

petitor the designer planned to have

a huge statue of Washington in a chariot drawn by six horses and driven by the Goddess of Victory.

The cornerstone was laid with most

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## ACTION ON ESTIMATES DEFERRED

Appropriations Will be Taken Up  
Friday—Hearing on the  
Belle-Isle Petition

It was expected that the municipal council would take up the department estimates for the year at its meeting held yesterday, but action was deferred until the next meeting, which will be held next Friday. The meeting was scheduled for 2 o'clock but it was just one hour later when Mayor O'Donnell called to order.

The first business before the board was the petition of G. A. McIntosh to keep, store and use gasoline. The petition was granted. Similar permits were granted Edward W. Clarke and Charles A. Husband.

Joseph F. Fay asked permission to move a building in Tenth street and it was so voted. It was explained that the building in question was a large two-story barn.

Petition of G. Barker and others that Cilhersoe street be extended, was referred to commissioner of streets and highways.

Notice of damage to the estate of Thomas Costello due to the bursting of a water pipe was referred to the commissioner of public safety.

Thomas Mooney's notice of personal injury due to defect in street, was properly referred as was also the claim of Melvina Strong for personal injuries.

Petitions of the Lowell Electric Light Corp. for wire attachments in Chelmsford, Stevens, Third, Adams, Merrimack and Gorham streets were referred to commissioners Donnelly and Cummins.

The petition of the Lowell Electric Light Co. for the erection of two poles in Adams street was set for hearing on Friday.

A communication from Dr. Lamouroux, secretary of the contagious hospital commission, relative to the proposed contagious hospital was laid on the table till the next meeting.

Mr. Cummins asked for permission to purchase through the purchasing agent's office material for his department amounting to over \$1200. Permission was granted him.

**The Belle-Isle Hearing.**

The petition of Victor H. J. Belle-Isle asking to be reinstated as constable in the police department, which had been objected to by Constable Bernard E. Gately and Amadeo Jean.

Lawyer Albert S. Howard appeared for Mr. Gately and was first to be heard. He said that Mr. Gately had filed with the municipal council a statement setting forth his reason for objecting to Mr. Belle-Isle's reinstatement.

The following questions were asked.

Mr. Belle-Isle by Mr. Howard;

"Were you recently married for a third time?"

"Yes, sir."

"When?"

"The 20th of November, 1912, in Waltham."

"By whom?"

"A minister—don't know his name."

"Where did your wife live previous to her marriage with you?"

"In Billerica."

"She had been a resident of Billerica for long time?"

"Yes, sir."

"Previous to your marriage you lived in Fletcher street?"

"Yes, sir."

Included in the rumor was the statement that Mr. Belle-Isle was now in the monument and granite business and because of that fact was unable to attend to the duties of constable.

"When did your second wife die?"

"On the first day of January, 1913, were you a resident of Lowell?"

"Yes, sir."

"Were you a resident of Lowell when you applied for license as a constable?"

"Yes, sir."

In reply to Mr. Howard, relative to an automobile accident previous to his marriage, Mr. Belle-Isle said that in the machine with him at the time was his present wife.

"Anybody else?"

"No."

"Do you have anything to the machine?"

"Yes, a cat, a nigger, and—

"You mean nigger statue," said Mr. Howard.

"Yes, that's what I mean."

"When you took those articles to Billerica, it was your intention to give up your room in Lowell?"

"Not I have a good room in Lowell yet—at 521 Fletcher street."

"How many nights a week do you spend in Lowell at the present time?"

"About two nights a week."

"Your wife has never spent a night with you at your room in Lowell?"

"No sir."

"As a matter of fact you are main-

## THE SUN'S DAILY PICTURE PUZZLE



BECAUSE WE CAN'T.

In winter when the breezes blow  
We get a chance to shawl snow,  
Tis then we sigh for pleasures gone.  
And wish that we could now the lawn

Where is another shovel?  
ANSWER TO YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE  
Taper last corner down, is dried.

JUDGE M. A. KNAPP AND ACTING  
LABOR COMMISSIONER HANGER

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—Judge Martin A. Knapp of the United States commerce court and G. W. W. Hanger, acting commissioner of commerce and labor, who succeeded in conferences

with the officials of the eastern railroads in arranging a satisfactory plan of arbitration between the roads and the firemen, are elated over the fact that the railroads agreed to arbitrate under the Erdman act.

## RECLUSE LEFT \$100,000

John Fiske, Lived 30  
Years in Shack

BOSTON, Feb. 19.—John Fiske, recluse and man of mystery, died suddenly and alone in his bedroom at 59 Grove street, an isolated section of West Roxbury, yesterday, aged 60 years.

Hazarding a guess and performing the hardest kind of manual labor daily, in spite of his advanced age, he was the owner of six acres of land in the centre of Mt. Ida section of Newton. He was reputed to possess valuable real estate holdings in various suburbs of Greater Boston. Those associated with him in business estimate that his property was worth anywhere from \$100,000 to \$150,000.

Fiske made his home with James J. Feeney, caretaker of the property at 59 Grove street, for the owner, Judge Edward L. Logan of South Boston. Last Thursday the aged man complained of feeling ill, but apparently recovered and put in a hard day's work Monday. He retired early that evening and was dressed when Mr. Feeney entered his room, about 7:30 yesterday morning.

He remained in his room, and Feeney, fearing that something was wrong, went into his room again about 12:30 and found his body undressed on the bed.

For almost 30 years Fiske lived alone in a one-room shack in the rear of

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

ONE FOR MY OLD MAID  
AUNT AND ONE FOR DEAR  
GENEVIEVE. THIS'LL WIN  
HER.

WELL, HERE GOES  
TO MY OLD MAID  
AUNT, I'LL HAND  
GENEVIEVE'S TO  
HER, AND  
ASK HER  
TO MARRY  
ME.

U.S.  
MAIL

TO MY  
Own Valentine

PRETTY SEN-  
TIMENT, EH?  
HELL THE  
SENTIMENT  
IS MINE. I WANT  
YOU TO BE MY  
VALENTINE FOR LIFE.

YES, AND I'LL  
BE AN OLD MAID  
ALL MY LIFE BE-  
FORE I'LL MARRY  
YOU.

OLD MAID

TO MY  
Valentine

ADAMS HARDWARE  
& PAINT CO.

404-414 Middlesex St.

FREE AUTO DELIVERY

THE PLAYHOUSE

"MRS. WARREN'S  
PROFESSION"

Given by THE DRAMA PLAYERS

Order your seats for Saturday, Washington's Birthday, now or you will be disappointed.

Performances twice daily.

## INTERESTS OF RAILROADS

Were in Charge of  
Elisha Lee

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—Elisha Lee, assistant to the general manager of the Pennsylvania railroad, has been chairman of the strike committee of the

The remains of the late Andrew Liddell, a popular Grand Army man and a well known figure at city hall, where for the past two years he was employed as a temporary clerk in the assessors' department, were yesterday laid at rest in a family lot in the Longmeadow cemetery, after interment services at the First Congregational church in Merrimack street, which he had been treasurer for the past 30 years. The funeral was very largely attended by sorrowing friends and relatives who wished to pay a last tribute to one whom they loved and respected.

The cortège left the home of mourning at Twelfth street and wound its way to the church, where service was held. The pulpit was surrounded with a wealth of rich flowers, while the casket was draped with the national colors. Rev. B. A. Wilmet, of Quincy, and former pastor of the First Congregational church, this city, officiated and he was assisted by the pastor Rev. Edward H. Newcomb, Rev. Mr. Wilmet, who was a close friend of deceased, offered prayers and spoke at length on the virtues of Mr. Liddell and his qualities as a church member, reviewing his work during his long term of office.

Eloquent tributes were paid to the zeal and character of deceased by the pastor Rev. Mr. Newcombe, former pastors Rev. Mr. Willmott and Rev. Smith Baker.

Rev. Mr. Willmott spoke, in part, as follows:

"We have all lost a very true friend. We are all poorer because he is gone. There is not one of us but loved him, and there is not one of us but that will miss him very much."

The few words of comfort that I have to speak will group themselves around two words of scripture. In the year 1910, when Christmas came, our dear friend whom we love so much, sent me a little Christmas reminder. It was composed of two texts printed upon two small cards. Since that time those two utterances have been very close to my heart; and when I heard that he had gone home, I asked myself what was the explanation of this great soul.

How can we interpret the motive for this heroic life, lived so simply, so unobtrusively, so reliably, so sure of itself and its faith, and of its place in the world, so permanently useful to the things that are worth while? And then I thought of these two words of scripture which he sent me: 'Be not weary in well doing,' and 'Looking unto Jesus.'

Rev. Mr. Newcombe, pastor of the church, also spoke interestingly and his words were in part, as follows:

"I shall simply echo the words that have been spoken by Mr. Willmott. It was his privilege to know our brother longer than it was my privilege to know him, and yet I doubt very much whether his six years of fellowship have made him love our brother more than I have learned to love him. As

Wilson cabinet will not contain Mass. man

BOSTON, Feb. 19.—Chairman Thos. P. Riley of the democratic state committee is of the opinion that Massachusetts will not be recognized in the Wilson cabinet.

"So far as I know, neither the claims of Gov. Foss nor of any other democrat in the state have been advanced for the cabinet," says he. "And furthermore, there has not been the slightest indication from Mr. Wilson that he intends to consider Massachusetts in making up his cabinet."

"No democratic leader in the state has been mentioned as a candidate for the new president. The democratic is very much at sea on the question of federal appointments. No one has the remotest idea what policy the president will adopt in the selection of postmasters, collectors and other officials."

"Whether he will recognize the party organization in recommendations for these appointments, or whether the democratic members of congress will have a say, is still quite uncertain."

"If the party organizations throughout the country know as little about the intentions of Gov. Wilson as we do here in Massachusetts, then it is certain that Mr. Wilson has taken but few men into his confidence, least of all the party leaders."

WATERWAYS DISCUSSED

Newburyport Business Men's Association Hears Members of the State Board

NEWBURYPORT, Feb. 19.—The monthly meeting of the Newburyport Business Men's association, held at the Wolfe Tavern last evening, was devoted to a consideration of the Merrimack valley waterways question.

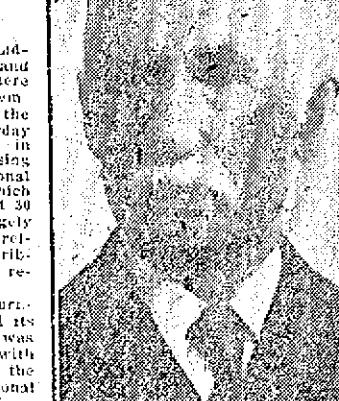
The association had as guests of the evening Charles C. Paine of Hyannis, member of the harbor and land commissioners and also chairman of the Valley waters board; Lewis R. Hovey of Haverhill and A. B. Sutherland of Lawrence, the other two members of this board; Richard J. McCormick of Haverhill, clerk of the board; Daniel N. Casey, secretary of the Haverhill board of trade, and Robert W. Briggs,

## FUNERAL OF ANDREW LIDDELL

Popular Veteran and City

Hall Clerk Buried

Yesterday



Mr. Willmott has said, to know him was to have confidence in him, to know him was to love him. We as ministers, oftentimes, are called to stand before the dead and face to face with the living, and our voices are weak as we try to say the words of comfort to the living. But our voices are not weak today, they are exultant. Our faith is strong. What is our faith, if it could not put a new song in our mouths, new exultation in our hearts, when those who have lived and labored with us pass on to their reward?"

Rev. Smith Baker sent a written tribute that was very eloquent in its praise of the deceased as clerk of the church, as citizen, and business man. He paid high tribute to the noble character of deceased as a gentleman of refined feelings and high ideals.

Appropriate singing was rendered by a church quartet composed of Mrs. Hanson, Miss Lillian Powers, Mrs. F. B. Murphy and Mr. H. Host. Mr. Simon W. Stevens presiding at the organ.

The honorary bearers were Deacons A. D. Carter, J. H. Kimball, T. J. Rexford, E. W. Fletcher, Franklin S. Pevey and John Osgood. The pall bearers were R. S. Fulton, O. W. Butler, H. Blanchard and E. E. Saywer.

There were delegations present from the Middlesex North Agricultural society, of which deceased was secretary, Ladies' circle of Post 155, G. A. R., and the following from Post 155, G. A. R.: Tom J. H. Calverley, Amos Whitters, W. A. Arnold, A. R. Gilman and Edwin A. Robinson.

The ushers at the house and church were Arthur Bartlett and Francis D. Dunn. Burial took place in the family lot in the Lowell cemetery, where the committal services was conducted by Rev. Mr. Newcomb. Funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers J. B. Currier & Co. in charge.

## Lowell Opera House

JULIE CAJIN, Prop. and Mgr.

## ALL THIS WEEK

Afternoons at 2:15  
Evenings at 8:15

## THE LONERGAN PLAYERS

Direction: Lester Lonergan  
In the Success of the Century

## The Man from Home

A Clean, Wholesome Play.

Prices: Matinee, 10c, 20c, 30c.

Evenings, 20c, 30c, 40c.

Next Week, "THE VIRGINIAN"

THURSDAY, FEB. 27

Direct from the Tremont Theatre, Boston

KLAW & ERLANGER

# THE STATE EMPLOYMENT OFFICES

Report of the Three Offices at Boston, Springfield and Fall River

The sixth annual report of the state free employment offices at Boston, Springfield and Fall River has just been issued and makes interesting reading. The total number of positions filled in the six years ending Nov. 30, 1912, was 16,626, and the number for the respective years since 1906 being: 1907 to 1912, both inclusive, being as follows: 13,510, 14,955, 17,741, 20,514, 21,685, 26,587.

The positions reported filled by the three offices during the past year were:

Occupations	1912	1911
Agricultural pursuits	1,537	11 1,848
Professional services	44	4 48
Domestic and personal service	6,501	8,230 14,731
Trade and transportation	3,237	457 3,694
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	4,658	1,382 6,040
Apprentices	223	3 226
Totals	16,500	10,087 26,587

The Boston Office

In reviewing the work of the Boston office during the past year, the superintendent writes as follows:

I have continued to issue a monthly labor market letter, simply containing no remarks to a mere statement of facts as we find them at this office. The labor market throughout the year has been exceedingly good, especially since June 1. Machine shop and foundry hands and building tradesmen have been in great demand and at times efficient workmen have been exceedingly scarce. There has been an increased demand for boot and shoe workers, compared with last year; this is partly accounted for by the fact that a number of shoe factories have removed to Boston where help could be more readily obtained than in the more remote country districts.

Textile help (female) has been called

**FREE TO ALL**  
who are tortured  
and disfigured by  
eczemas, rashes, itchings and irritations of  
the skin and scalp  
are liberal samples of

## Cuticura Soap and Ointment.

Warm baths with the Soap and light applications of the Ointment afford immediate relief, permit rest and sleep in most cases, and promote permanent skin health when all else fails.

For samples of Soap and Ointment, address Dept. 2F, Boston. Sold throughout the world.

## RECORD PENSION BILL

\$180,300,000 Measure

Voted in House

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—The largest pension bill ever reported to Congress, carrying appropriations aggregating \$180,300,000, was passed by the house yesterday by a vote of 219 to 40, with an amendment which will make necessary an additional appropriation of more than \$1,000,000.

A small number of democrats, led by Representative Roddenberry of Georgia, made futile efforts to add amendments to bar from the pension rolls veterans having incomes exceeding \$1,000 a year, and not entitled to pensions because of wounds or disabilities sustained in the military service.

A motion to strike from the bill a paragraph providing that after July 1, 1913, no pension should be paid to a non-resident not a citizen of the United States, except for actual disabilities incurred in the service, was carried, 154 to 112. It is estimated that something over \$1,000,000 is paid annually to veterans who would have been barred by this paragraph.

## BIG STRIKE IS AVERTED

Longshoremen Not to  
Quit Work

BOSTON, Feb. 19.—All danger of a strike of the Boston longshoremen, dock freight handlers and steamship clerks is over, and the final settlement, with increased wages for the longshoremen and a continuation of all the old working rules for which those insisted, will probably be made within a day or two with the steamship agents.

Yesterday the Trans-Atlantic Steamship Agents' conference held a meeting at the Chamber of Commerce. No information as to what took place would be made public, nor would it be stated whether International Vice T. V. O'Connor and other officers of the longshoremen attended.

Last night at a special meeting of Trans-Atlantic Steamship Clerks' union at Roughan hall the members voted unanimously not to longer insist upon the consideration which they have been demanding, released the longshoremen from their obligation to sustain the clerks, and left them free to settle the longshoremen's differences with the steamship agents, which have been pending since the strike of last year.

The clerks' requests have been the contention over which the final hitch between the agents and the longshoremen's committee occurred.

T. V. O'Connor of Buffalo, International president of the A. F. of L. Longshoremen's union, with which the clerks' organization is affiliated; International Vice Pres. William F. Dempsey of this city and A. J. Chlopek of Toledo, and New England Organizer Frank H. McCarthy of the A. F. of L. were speakers at the meeting last night.

A special meeting of the A. F. of L. Longshoremen's trade council is called for tonight at Roughan hall, Charlestown. The meeting, it is believed, will instruct its committee to sign up with the agents' committee.

## DRESS COST CAN BE CUT

Chicago Woman Says  
"Wear Dress 3 Years"

CHICAGO, Feb. 19.—Madame Mary Hosac, president of the Chicago Dressmakers' club, and an authority because of her long experience, advanced a plan by which women may dress more cheaply.

Women are "dressing much more cheaply now than in 1902," asserts Madame Hosac, but there is still room for a reduction in the high cost of dressing.

## Wear Gowns Longer

"It is this: Wear your gowns three or four years instead of discarding them after the first year."

"There is no reason why a woman should not wear a gown at least three years, if she is careful," Madame Hosac continued.

"To do this a woman should plan her gowns for the season. The average woman can get along with five gowns, a day dress, a tailored suit, an afternoon gown, a reception gown and an evening gown."

"The gowns should be well made and of a conservative style. The trouble is with women they don't wear their dresses long enough. They cast them off after a year."

"A gown worn for three years won't be out of style if it is not a fad. Styles don't change rapidly. It's the fads."

"By establishing a system of having a set of gowns for the occasional man, made by gradually supplementing them every year or so by one's own and making the other do second-best, women can cut down their clothing expenditure greatly, and no doubt increase their husband's peace of mind."

"I believe women will continue to grow more economical in dress and in house management the more they daily in politics and see a practical side of life."

"It is just a proposition of women using more sense in the selection of their styles and cloth. I believe that the activity of women in the presidential campaign last year taught them the sense they are now displaying."

## Politics Good for Women

"The more deeply women become immersed in politics and practical affairs, the better will their business judgment become and the more economy they will exercise in all the matters of the house."

"When women learn to manage their households as well as their husbands manage large business concerns an effective blow will be dealt to the high cost of living."

Madame Hosac pointed out that the failure of the directors, harem loops and the extreme hobble to come into popular use, shows the tendency of the women of the United States to economize by dressing conservatively.

Madame Hosac continued:

"American women have come to realize that there is a real advantage in wearing American styles. They have almost entirely eliminated the expensive practice of falling back on Paris for their ideas of fashion."

They have discarded the 'typs' system for the individualistic. They prefer a gown that suits them rather than one that suits some French woman, one that suits a woman's French woman.

"Of course, I am a dressmaker, but I don't think it sounds like exploiting my line to say that women of the present day are more than ever employers of professional dressmakers, effecting there a saving in the cost of their clothes."

## JOHN DOUG ALIAS DOUGH

Uruguay Men to Adopt His Method of Increasing Their Weight—Eat More Bread, He Says.

John Doug is causing as much talk about the city as if he were a member of the municipal council. John Doug or Dough, is the mouthpiece of the man who handles Fleischmann's yeast. He is also a member of the Eat Men's club and to have the largest circumference of any member in the club. He uses Fleischmann's yeast and can testify to its raising qualities. He recommends it to all bakers and gives these reasons for so doing:

1st. Every man and woman sees the John Doug advertisements urging them to eat more bread. They are bound to think of bread. If you want them to think of bread every time they see John Doug, advertising now, while the Fleischmann publicity campaign is in progress.

2d. You know how you have im-

## SPECIAL SALE

Millard F. Wood's  
JEWELER  
104 Merrimack Street,  
Facing John

One lot of a dozen tea sets; some to be discontinued, others are broken sets; all are beautiful patterns, highest grade, at 33 per cent. discount.

We have a large lot of trays, bowls, candelabra, fern dishes, spoons, knives, and forks, at special prices to close out. A lot of celery trays, water sets, vases, etc., all in fine cut glass, at 33-1/3 per cent. discount.

All strictly first class goods. It will pay you to purchase now.

proved your bakery in the past five or ten years. The public may not know. Tell them.

3d. You know how much care is bestowed in every stage of breadmaking, from mixing the doughs to delivering the finished product. Lots of good people are ignorant of the great strides that have been made by progressive bakers.

4th. You know that only the best and purest materials go into your bread. You know that you use Fleischmann's yeast. All these points can be profitably impressed upon the public.

5th. You know that the baking industry has been aided in its development by good, clean, powerful advertising.

6th. You know that for every dollar's worth of yeast a baker buys, he gets \$10 to \$50 worth of bread, so that you who are in the bread business will get 40 to 50 times as much benefit as the Fleischmann Co. out of every dollar's worth of increased bread business brought about by the John Doug Eat More Bread Campaign.

The point is, whether you have been in the habit of advertising or not, you can secure for yourself the greatest benefit from the Eat More Bread publicity work by advertising your bread and your bakery now—while John Doug is in town. And you can get substantial results at a surprisingly small outlay, because every bread advertisement of yours, be it large or small, will have the effect of being larger, because it will be looked in the minds of the public with the big John Doug Eat More Bread advertisements. It pays to advertise and now is the time it pays most.

"The gowns should be well made and of a conservative style. The trouble is with women they don't wear their dresses long enough. They cast them off after a year."

"A gown worn for three years won't be out of style if it is not a fad. Styles don't change rapidly. It's the fads."

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"I believe women will continue to grow more economical in dress and in house management the more they daily in politics and see a practical side of life."

"It is just a proposition of women using more sense in the selection of their styles and cloth. I believe that the activity of women in the presidential campaign last year taught them the sense they are now displaying."

## TO REORGANIZE SYSTEM

Governor Foss Proposes  
Changes in Prison Plan

BOSTON, Feb. 19.—Following a conference with the Rev. George L. Cady, the prison situation in Massachusetts, Governor Foss announced yesterday that he proposed to reorganize the entire system.

It is also stated that it is expected that Prison Commissioner Warren L. Spaulding will resign should the bill giving him a pension be acted upon by the legislature.

The Rev. Mr. Cady, who recently before District Attorney Pelletier to explain charges which he had made against the prison system in this state, and yesterday conferred with the governor.

Governor Foss is getting together material for a message on prison reform which he believes will be second in importance only to his message on the railroad situation.

He plans to recommend a system by means of which prisoners shall be fairly compensated for their work, the money earned to be turned over to their families. He will also recommend a classification of offenders so that the party offenders may not be obliged to mix with hardened criminals.

When women learn to manage their households as well as their husbands manage large business concerns an effective blow will be dealt to the high cost of living."

Madame Hosac pointed out that the failure of the directors, harem loops and the extreme hobble to come into popular use, shows the tendency of the women of the United States to economize by dressing conservatively.

Madame Hosac continued:

"American women have come to realize that there is a real advantage in wearing American styles. They have almost entirely eliminated the expensive practice of falling back on Paris for their ideas of fashion."

They have discarded the 'typs' system for the individualistic. They prefer a gown that suits them rather than one that suits a woman's French woman.

"Of course, I am a dressmaker, but I don't think it sounds like exploiting my line to say that women of the present day are more than ever employers of professional dressmakers, effecting there a saving in the cost of their clothes."

## FEEL BADLY TODAY? CASCARETS TONIGHT.

THOROUGHLY CLEANSES YOUR  
LIVER AND BOWELS WHILE  
YOU SLEEP

No odds how bad your liver, stomach or bowels; how much your head aches, how miserable and uncomfortable you are from constipation, indigestion, biliousness and sluggish intestines—you always get the desired results with Cascarets and quickly, too.

Don't let your stomach, liver and bowels make you miserable. Take Cascarets tonight; put an end to the headache, biliousness, biliousness, nervousness, sick, sour, gassy stomach, backache and all other distress; cleanse your instle organs and all the bile, gases and congealed matter which is producing the misery.

A 10-cent box means health, happiness and a clear head for months. No more days of gloom and distress. If you will take a Cascaret now and then. All druggists sell Cascarets. Don't forget the children—their little insides need a good, gentle cleansing, too.

John Doug or Dough, can testify to its raising qualities. He recommends it to all bakers and gives these reasons for so doing:

1st. Every man and woman sees the John Doug advertisements urging them to eat more bread. They are bound to think of bread. If you want them to think of bread every time they see John Doug, advertising now, while the Fleischmann publicity campaign is in progress.

2d. You know how you have im-

## EXPANSION SALE

Thursday Morning at 9 O'Clock  
Women's and Misses' Outer Apparel  
Cloaks, Suits, Dress Skirts and Waists

We have outgrown our store in the New Bradley Building in less than eight months and have taken the next store formerly occupied by W. B. Powrie's Specialty Shop. Carpenters, electricians and painters have been busy making two stores into one. Our entire stock, all new Fall and Winter styles, is included in this tremendous sacrifice. This is not a sale of odds and ends or shop-worn goods, but a genuine expansion sale of all our High Grade Garments. Come early for best selections while assortments are complete.

## COATS

Women's Long Black Plaid Backs,  
worth \$5.00. This sale

**\$1.98**

## DRESSES

Women's White Dresses, newest  
styles, made to sell for \$7.50.  
This sale.....

**\$3.98**

## Spring Coats

Just arrived from New York,  
about 275 New Spring Coats,  
made to sell for \$12.50. This sale

**\$5.98**

## Children's Coats

Just arrived from New York,  
about 275 New Spring Coats,  
made to sell for \$12.50. This sale

**\$2.98**

## NEWS FROM CITY HALL

Board of Health After the Plumbers

SUPERINTENDENT MOLLOY GOING TO PHILADELPHIA

Alderman Cummings Denies That He Was Asleep on the Salisbury Beach Bather

The board of health held a brief meeting at its headquarters at city hall this forenoon. There were four cases, having to do with plumbers, pending before the board and in one case the board voted to instruct Inspector Murray to collect the evidence and present it to the city solicitor. If the city solicitor thinks the evidence sufficient the matter will be prosecuted in court. In the other three cases reports will be submitted to the examiners of plumbers for estimate disposal.

School Board Meeting

Hugh J. Molloy, superintendent of schools, will attend the annual meeting of public school superintendents in Philadelphia next week. Because of the fact that Mr. Shattoy is going away the board will meet tomorrow night instead of next Tuesday night, the board's regular meeting night. While away Mr. Molloy will visit some of the schools in New York city.

Alderman Cummings Objects

Alderman Cummings takes exception to the statement made by Rep. Jewell at the state house yesterday to the effect that the municipal council of Lowell was asleep at the switch when the Salisbury beach reservation proposition, for which Lowell would have to pay an annual tax, was pushed through. "I was very much awake and alive to the proposition," said Mr. Cummings. "I refused to sign the petition presented to me for my signature by Fr. Leitch and I voted against the proposition when it came before the board. For the truth of my assertion see the records." The records were locked up and it was found that Mr. Cummings' statement was correct. He voted against the proposition and was the only member of the council to oppose it. At that time it was represented that there would never be any danger of Lowell having to pay a cent of taxes under the beach reservation arrangement.

More Arrests in Aroostook

HOULTON, Me., Feb. 19.—The most sensational campaign against alleged liquor dealers ever known in Aroostook county, which started Monday, continued yesterday with the arrest of eight men, of whom seven are in jail. With the six sent to jail Monday there are 13 now in custody, 12 of whom are bound over to the April term of court.

JUST  
FOR  
THURSDAY

Bargains in every department, selected for a rousing sale.

We do not carry a silk skirt to sell regularly for \$1.97, as the silk is too poor; but for the benefit of our customers, we will sell our regular \$2.97 chiffon taffeta and messaline petticoats, absolutely, just for Thursday ..... \$1.97

Brocaded satin Waists, made shirt style, Robespierre collar, regular price \$2.97, just for Thursday ..... \$1.97

Black Petticoats of Syrian Taffeta, some with jersey top, regular 69c, Thursday ..... 39c

Long White Skirts, good cotton, flounce of tucks and pretty hamburg, 50c value, 29c Thursday

Striped Flannel manish Skirts, "Touraine" make, regular price \$1.00, Thursday ..... 59c

A few raincoats, plaid back, eyelet ventilation, were \$1.97 Thursday ..... \$1.00

Dainty Lawn Waists, lace and hamburg trimmed, high and low neck, were \$1.00, just for Thursday ..... 69c

Dressing Sacques of percale and lawn, values up to 97c, Thursday ..... 25c

Lawn Tea Aprons, cross hatched and plain, brassieres embroidery trimmed, were 25c, Thursday ..... 15c

## 3-STORY BLOCK GUTTED

Fire in Portland, Me.—Loss \$25,000

PORTLAND, Me., Feb. 19.—Business blocks in Monument square including the Evening Express-Advertiser block, were seriously threatened today by a fire which gutted a three-story brick block owned by Mrs. Thomas Donahue and damaged adjoining property by smoke and water. The estimated loss aggregated at least \$25,000. Morin's lunch room and English chop house were burned out and Conney &amp; McGowan, clothiers, suffered heavily by smoke and water.

## FUNERALS

MCLEAN.—The funeral of James McLean took place yesterday afternoon from the home of his parents, John and Rose McLean, 31 Otis street, and was largely attended. The burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker John J. O'Connell in charge.

HILDRETH.—The funeral of Bertha A. Hildreth was held from her home, 11 Fries street, yesterday morning at 11 o'clock. The service was conducted by Rev. Mr. Tracy of the Congregational First Presbyterian church. Mrs. D. A. Haskell sang "Sometime We'll Understand." "There is a Land" and "Never, My God, to Thee." The bearers were Messrs. Stark Ellington, Edward Hildreth, Silas McCormick and Andrew Hildreth. The flowers were many and beautiful and included the following: Pillow inscribed "Wife" from her husband; wreath inscribed "Daughter" from her family; wreath inscribed "Friend" from Edna Ellington; wreath, Highland Lodge; Rebekahs; wreath, inscribed "Niece"; Mrs. Dora Maynard; spray, Mrs. G. D. Farley and family; spray, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wilson; spray, Mrs. E. G. Louis and family; spray, Mrs. and Mrs. G. S. Young; spray, Mrs. and Mrs. E. S. Young; spray, Mrs. and Mrs. E. Wright; Mrs. G. W. McCann; Mrs. Wells; Mrs. William Henderson; Mrs. E. Murphy; Mrs. and Mrs. Harry Marshall; wreath, from friends; spray, Mrs. Eugene Farris; spray from her Aunt Alice, Aunt Abby and Cousin Mona; bouquet, Mrs. A. W. Streeter; spray, Mrs. E. Scott; spray, Mr. and Mrs. J. Thomas and family; spray, Mr. and Mrs. Mrs. Fitzgerald. The Highland Lodge of Rebekahs performed the services. The burial was in Pelham, N. H., under the direction of Undertakers Young &amp; Blake.

RODGERS.—The funeral of Lieut. Thomas H. Rodgers of Hose Co. No. 6, L. F. D., took place yesterday morning from his home, 65 Butterfield street, at 8:30 o'clock. At St. Patrick's church at 3 o'clock, there was a funeral mass celebrated by Rev. T. P. Callahan. The choir sang the Gregorian chant. The flowers were given by Miss Alice Murphy and Mr. Andrew McCarthy. Mr. J. Johnson was the organist. The members of Hose 6 attended in a body and there were many members from other companies in attendance. The bearers were Messrs. Richard E. Burns, Thomas F. Maguire, Frank G. Collins, John A. Fletcher, Samuel H. Fensterer and Edgar F. Perham. The burial was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery. A small tablet of white roses, inscribed "Our Lieutenant," from Hose 6; large tablet, "Friends of Hose 6," cross on base, inscribed "Rest"; R. E. Burns; large wreath, Miss Helen Webster; large wreath on base, from bookkeepers and cashiers of Saunders' market; cross on base, "Friends of Our Last Coasting Party, 1912"; friends of that party; cross on base, inscribed "Last Call," Box 15, "by friends; wreath, Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Saunders; crescent on base, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Saunders; basket of pink roses, from the boys of the Industrial school; wreath, Walter Connolly and boys of Industrial school; basket of roses, from the Patsy Club; large casket, the boys of Butterfield street; spray from girls of Butterfield street; spray, Arthur and Harry Keyes, Anna and Margaret Devine, Mr. and Mrs. William Barrett and family, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. McManamon, J. J. Mullane and Miss Edith Jackson.

CONANT.—The funeral services of Mrs. Clara A. Conant were held yesterday afternoon at her home, 29 Victoria street, and were largely attended by relatives and friends. Rev. A. C. Ferrin of the High Street Congregational church conducted the services at the house and read the commitment. At the grave the general tributes were profuse and beautiful. The bearers were Messrs. Edward Conant, Albert Burnham, Charles Varnum and Joseph Varnum. The funeral arrangements were under the direction of Mr. Robert Burnham. The burial was in the Edson cemetery in charge of Undertaker John A. Weinbeck.

MURPHY.—The funeral of John Murphy took place yesterday afternoon from his home, 194 Suffolk street, and was largely attended. The bearers were Thomas, John and Martin Murphy and Daniel Martin. The burial was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery, where the committal prayers were read by Rev. Fr. Kervigan of St. Patrick's church. The funeral was under the direction of Undertakers J. F. O'Donnell &amp; Sons.

BRYNE.—The funeral of Patrick Byrne took place this morning from his home, 233 Hillcrest street, at 8:30 o'clock and was largely attended. The cortège went its way to St. Michael's church, where a requiem mass was celebrated by Rev. Francis O'Malley. The choir sang the Gregorian chant. The bearers were Messrs. Joseph McDonald, John T. Donahue, Victor Smith and James Boyle. The floral tributes were given by Father "the Husband," from the family, and a spray from the granddaughters.

HISTEN.—The funeral of the late Michael Histen will take place on Thursday morning at 9 o'clock from his late home, 39 Quincey, Mass. Funeral mass, to be given at 8:30 a.m. at 10 o'clock. The remains will be buried at 10 o'clock. Burial will be in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McMenough Sons in charge.

REARDON.—The funeral of Mr. Daniel Reardon took place this morning from his late home, 39 Clare street at 5:15 and was largely attended by relatives and friends. The cortège pro-

## HOW THIN PEOPLE MAY PUT ON FLESH

Great Discovery by Eminent Specialist

Judging from the countless preparations and treatments which are conducted here for the purpose of making thin people fleshy, developing the arms, neck and body, and replacing ugly hollows and angles by the soft curved lines of health and beauty, there are evidently thousands of men and women who keenly feel their physical thinness, and it is therefore given to us real pleasure to publish here a simple prescription which, by correcting faulty metabolism and stimulating the activity of certain sluggish vital organs, quickly produces a marvelous transformation in the appearance, the increase in weight frequently averaging from 4 to 10 pounds the first week, and rarely more than 2. This increase in weight also carries with it a general improvement in the health. Catarrh, dyspepsia and nervousness, which nearly always accompany excessive thinness, all gradually disappear; dull eyes become bright and clear; cheeks glow with a glow of perfect health.

The prescription, which contains no dangerous drugs, and is absolutely harmless, calls for 2 oz. Tincture Cardamom Compound, 2 oz. Fluid of Saffron, 2 oz. Elixir of Calisaya and enough water to fill the 2 oz. bottle, and each tablet to be prepared by an easy digest. One or two tablets should be taken about 20 minutes before each meal. Eat all you want but chew your food thoroughly.

(CAUTION: Although the above prescription is unequalled for relieving physical thinness, indigestion and catarrhal troubles, it should not be used by anyone who does not desire to put on flesh.)

needed to St. Patrick's church where a high mass of requiem was celebrated at 9 o'clock by Rev. James J. Kerrigan. The choir under the direction of Mr. Michael Johnson, sang. The organist was Miss Alice Murphy and Mr. Andrew McCarthy sustained the solo. Among the many floral tributes were wreaths from the family and wreaths from Miss Anna Hancock, Miss Katherine Hancock and Mrs. Julia Hartman. The bearers were John O'Brien, John J. Jones, John J. O'Brien, John Mahoney, Andrew Goutte, Patrick Murphy, Patrick Murphy and William Murphy. Interment was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery. Rev. James J. Kerrigan read the committal prayers. Undertaker Peter H. Savage had charge.

VIGEANT.—The body of the late Timothee Vigean, formerly of this city, who died in Montreal Monday, arrived in this city at 7:45 o'clock this morning and was removed to the home of the grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Jacob, 17 Merrimack street, where it was cleaned by Miss Anna and several friends of deceased. The funeral took place from the above address at 9:30 o'clock and at 10 o'clock solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated at St. Joseph's church by Rev. Guillaume Ouellette, O. M. I., assisted by Rev. Mr. Joseph O. M. I., as deacon and Rev. Charles Amherst, O. M. I., as sub-deacon. The choir was under the direction of Mr. Frank Gourdeau. Mrs. Joseph A. Bernard presiding at the organ. At the offertory Miss Rose A. Vigean, cousin of deceased, sang "Leybach's 'Pie Jesu'." The bearers were Messrs. Leon and Timothee Vigean, Gustave Dufresne and Henri Boula. Burial was in St. Joseph's cemetery, where the committal prayers were read by Rev. Charles Aubert, O. M. I. Funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker Joseph Rogers.

Among the many floral pieces placed on the grave were the following: Large pillow inscribed "Father" from his family; large wreath inscribed "Brother"; Mrs. Elizabeth Martin; Mrs. Margaret and Katherine Walsh; wreath on base, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Walsh; large standing cross and crown; Dr. J. J. and Mrs. Walsh; wreath on base, Mr. and Mrs. George Holmes; wreath on base, of gales, leaves and sweet peas, inscribed "Cousin of the Rogers family"; wreath of roses, lilies and forget-me-nots; basket of white roses, inscribed "Our Lieutenant" from Hose 6; large tablet, "Friends of Hose 6," cross on base, inscribed "Rest"; R. E. Burns; large wreath, Miss Helen Webster; large wreath on base, from bookkeepers and cashiers of Saunders' market; cross on base, "Friends of Our Last Coasting Party, 1912"; friends of that party; cross on base, inscribed "Last Call," Box 15, "by friends; wreath, Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Saunders; crescent on base, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Saunders; basket of pink roses, from the boys of the Industrial school; wreath, Walter Connolly and boys of Industrial school; basket of roses, from the Patsy Club; large casket, the boys of Butterfield street; spray from girls of Butterfield street; spray, Arthur and Harry Keyes, Anna and Margaret Devine, Mr. and Mrs. William Barrett and family, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. McManamon, J. J. Mullane and Miss Edith Jackson.

STEELE.—Leonard F. Steele of 477 Merrimack street died yesterday at the hospital, aged 60 years. He was a member of the Passaconaway tribe, approved Order of Red Men. His body was taken to the undertaking rooms of John A. Weinbeck.

BREED.—Miss Arabella Breed died yesterday at her home, 54 Webster street, aged 74 years. Miss Breed was born in Lynn and passed the early portion of her life in this city, but for some years past had been a resident of this city. She leaves two sisters, Miss Almira Breed of this city, and Miss Theodore Vigean, Gustave Dufresne and Henri Boula. Burial was in St. Joseph's cemetery, where the committal prayers were read by Rev. Charles Aubert, O. M. I. Funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker Joseph Rogers.

ODONNELL.—Mrs. Margaret O'Donnell, 101 Hillcrest street, a resident of this city, died last night at St. John's hospital, aged 82 years. She leaves one sister, Miss Catherine Jenkins, and four grandchildren. Her body was taken to her home, 10 Howe street.

FLETCHER.—Washington Irving Fletcher died at his home, 4 Hillcrest street, yesterday afternoon, after a short illness, aged 59 years. He leaves his wife, Louise J. Fletcher, one daughter, Gladys C., and one son, Raymond, all of this city.

KILEY.—The many friends and acquaintances of Mrs. Mary Kiley, an elderly widow, member of St. Michael's parish, will be paid a call on her of her death, which occurred at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Mary A. St. John, rear 10 Appleton street this morning. She is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Mary A. St. John and Mrs. Samuel Taylor of Bellingham, Washington.

ODONNELL.—Mrs. Margaret O'Donnell, 101 Hillcrest street, a resident of this city, died last night at St. John's hospital, aged 82 years. She leaves one sister, Miss Catherine Jenkins, and four grandchildren. Her body was taken to her home, 10 Howe street.

O'DONNELL.—The funeral of the late Mrs. Margaret O'Donnell, will take place tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock from her home, 10 Howe street. Solemn high mass of requiem will be celebrated in the Immaculate Conception church at 9 o'clock. Burial will be in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker J. F. O'Donnell and Sons in charge.

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SCRATCHED 40 YEARS

Used D. D. Six Months—All Itching Gone

This is the actual experience of Anne Cribbin, Santa Rosa, Cal., with the new Cribbin's "D. D. Prescription" "The Mild Wash that gives instant relief in all forms of skin trouble."

Cleanses the skin of all impurities—washes away blisters and pimples, leaving the skin smooth and healthy as that of a child.

Get a 50c bottle of this wonderful Eczema Cure today and keep it in the house.

We know that D. D. will do all that is claimed for it. A. W. Dowd &amp; Co., Druggists.

WILLIAM H. SAUNDERS  
Undertaker and Embalmer

12 HERD STREET

Complete equipment for city and out-of-town service.

TELEPHONE 2207-1

The White Store  
114 Merrimack Street.

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## THE SUN CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

## TO LET

FURNISHED ROOMS AND LIGHT  
housekeeping rooms to let; also three-  
bedroomed tenement. Apply 337  
Central st.

SUNNY TENEMENT TO LET: FIVE  
rooms, toilet and bath, all on one floor.  
Handy to mills. Price \$2.25 week. 23  
Fulton st., Centralville. Apply 275  
Westford st.

PLACE TO MAKE MONEY. BOARD-  
ING-HOUSE to let; plenty of boarders;  
14 weeks, no washing; sure pay from  
the office. Houses and land for sale.  
Inquire at South Lowell.

LARGE DOWNSTAIRS FRONT  
room to let; heated; modern conven-  
iences. 523 Central st.

FOUR ROOMS TO LET: GAS, PAN-  
try, toilet on floor, with attic room;  
sured Heart parlor; rent, \$1.50. G. K.  
Span, 935. Apply 339 Middlesex st.

NEARLY FURNISHED ROOMS FOR  
light housekeeping. Apply 177 Middle-  
sex st.

FIRST CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS  
to let; steam heat; most desirable resi-  
dential district in the city; one min-  
utes' walk from Westford st.; car line.  
Inquire Mrs. Mrs. Nottle Saunders, 63 Gates  
st. Tel. 2683.

STORE TO LET, CORNER OF JOHN  
and Middlesex st. Inquire at The  
Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank.

ROOM SUITABLE FOR BARBER  
shop or business office, to let, on sec-  
ond floor of the Harrington building.  
Central st.

## FOR RENT

—IN THE—

HARRINGTON  
BUILDING

52 Central Street

Splendid rooms on the second  
floor, suitable for Physician, Dentist,  
Tailor, Barber, Dressmaker or Real  
Estate dealer. Also offices on the  
third floor. Rent reasonable. Ap-  
ply to D. J. Harrington, New Sun  
Building, or at The Sun Office.

CHRONIC  
DISEASES

SUCCESSFULLY TREATED BY

## MECHANIC THERAPY

If you are suffering from a disease  
that refuses to yield to other methods  
of treatment. If you are becoming  
despondent and disengaged, you  
should investigate my method of treating  
diseased conditions. If I can  
help you, I will tell you so. It costs  
you nothing. It only costs you  
the places you need to visit to take  
the treatment. Sick and dis-  
couraged men and women are being  
made well every day by this treat-  
ment. F. A. Mayr, Doctor of  
Mechanic Therapy, 37 Central street, room  
11, Sunbury, and Thursdays only, 3  
to 5, to 8 p.m. Tel. 673.

If you want help at home or in your  
business, try The Sun "Want" column.

## CRY OF "STOP THIEF!" AN ENJOYABLE BANQUET

Brought About Capture  
of Pickpocket

Held by the Members of  
Club Giraffier

BOSTON, Feb. 12.—A crowd of  
several hundred persons chased an  
alleged pickpocket on Tremont street  
yesterday afternoon, the pursuit starting  
at the southbound entrance to the  
old subway at Park street and ending  
in the vestibule of a theatre in Ham-  
ilton place, where Patrolman Bill of  
division 2 and Patrolman Donahue of  
division 4 arrested Max Spiegeling, 25  
years old, of 39 Woodstock street, Rox-  
bury.

When Miss Grace L. Green of 116  
West Canton street was about to enter the  
subway, she says that Spiegeling  
took her pocketbook containing \$8.00  
from a pocket of her coat. She says  
she tried to prevent Spiegeling from  
getting away, but he eluded her and  
was on his way north on Tremont  
street, when the police sent the  
cry of "stop thief" given by the woman,  
Bill, a crossing man at Winter and  
Tremont streets who weighs more than  
200 pounds, astonished everybody by  
his bounding speed.

Bill ran ahead of the horde of pur-  
suers and right behind him was Patrol-  
man Donahue. Spiegeling, it is claimed,  
threw the pickpocket to the street.

Today Spiegeling was looked over by  
the headquarters detectives.

## Dockmen's Strike Off

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—The long-  
shoremen's strike at the North Gov-  
ernment docks in Hoboken was set-  
tled yesterday afternoon by the resig-  
nation of the head stevedore, who  
dismissed the strikers demanded. About  
1000 men will return to work tomorrow  
after being out since yesterday.

## Urge City Vice Board

BOSTON, Feb. 13.—A vice commis-  
sion under the financial support of the  
municipality, composed of 20 rep-  
resentative Bostonians, is the plan urged  
by the Very Rev. William T. Sumner,  
D. D., chairman of the famous Chicago  
vice commission and dean of SS. Peter  
and Paul Cathedral, for work in Bos-  
ton.

## Greater Than Any

MINER'S UNION  
ORCHESTRA

PRESCOTT HALL

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY  
Saturday Night, Feb. 22  
ADMISSION 25¢

Hear the Xylophone Quartette

## SPECIAL NOTICES

NOONEN'S HAIR STAIN, BLACK,  
brown, 25¢. Wholesale Dows, Lowell.  
Inquiries, Mrs. Davis, 29, New-  
ton Central st.

DR. O'LEARY & CO., HOUSE  
painters, paper hangers and interior  
decorators. Estimates on all sizes,  
large or small. Residence 130 How-  
ard st. Phone 2231-4.

DR. ANGUS, THE WELL KNOWN  
medium, will answer three questions  
by return mail for 10¢ silver; enclose  
stamp. Computer reading, \$1.00. Tel.  
275, Central st., Boston.

VOICE, PIANO AND VIOLIN LES-  
ONS. Experienced teacher; easy and  
rapid method; 35¢ per lesson. Write  
or call, Wednesdays 65 Dover st., or  
Westford st.

MISSION FURNITURE, MADE AND  
furniture repaired, at 284 Adams st.

STONE LININGS, GRATES, TILES,  
water closets, etc., for all kinds of  
ranges, carried in stock and furnished  
at short notice. 1377-1, Queen  
Furniture Co., 162 Middlesex st.

PIANOS AND ORGANS TUNED AND  
adjusted. Tuning, 50¢. Kershaw, 21  
Cambridge road. Tel. 2101-2.

BENT'S NO. 1 KILLS LICE ON  
children. Excellent for brown-  
treatment. To poison, lice, mange,  
etc., than, rat-bite, hair. 25 cents at  
Falls & Burkhart's.

LIMBURG CO., CHIMNEY EXPERTS  
Chimneys swept and repaired. Resi-  
dence 1125 Bridge st. Tel. 945-1.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—THE SUN is  
on sale every day at both news stands  
of the Union station in Boston. Don't  
forget this when taking your train for  
Lowell.

## PROF.

EHRLICH'S

"606"

SALVARSAN

Administrator in the wings at Dr. Tem-  
per's Lowell office. NO LOSS OF TIME  
real business. NO PAIN. Luca mala-  
ria, typhum, ataxia and various  
forms of skin disease arising  
from blood poison.

This solves the problem of the en-  
turies. The world of the human  
WORST SCOURGE that the human  
race has known. RESULTS IMMEDIATE.  
Waterman blood tests made.  
Also treats cancers, tumors, all acute  
and chronic blood and nervous diseases  
of men and women, hydrocephalus,  
varicose, stricture, urethra, and  
various diseases WITHOUT THE USE  
OF THE KNIFE. Diseases of the  
eye, ear, nose, throat, skin, stomach,  
liver, kidneys, bladder, bowels, and  
rectum, epilepsy, and all nervous  
diseases.

WORST DRAWING ROOM KIT-  
chen girl wanted. One who can go  
home nights preferred. Apply 13  
Bradford st.

EXPERIENCED GIRL WANTED  
for general housework. No washing  
or ironing. Apply 22 Edison st.

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS WANT-  
ed for parcel post. \$9.00 month. Lowell  
examinations May 3rd. Coaching free.  
Franklin Institute, Dept. 156 E. Rock-  
ester, N. Y.

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE FOR  
magazine wanted; good salary for busi-  
ness; give references and past experi-  
ence. National Sportsman 22 Fed-  
eral st., Boston, Mass.

ENERGETIC SALES AGENT WANT-  
ed to establish headquarters in and  
look after entire business of Lowell  
exclusive contract; references. L. T.  
Townsend, 42 Copeland st., Boston  
Mass.

WORST DRAWING ROOM KIT-  
chen girl wanted. One who can go  
home nights preferred. Apply 13  
Bradford st.

WORST DRAWING ROOM KIT-  
chen girl wanted. One who can go  
home nights preferred. Apply 13  
Bradford st.

W. A. LEW

Steam dyeing and cleansing of la-  
dies' and gents' wearing apparel.

49 JOHN STREET

50,000 TOBACCO  
TAGS WANTED300 a hundred. Carr's Pool Parlor,  
35 Gorham st. Opp. Post Office.If you want help at home or in your  
business, try The Sun "Want" column.If you want help at home or in your  
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Fair and warmer tonight;  
Thursday rain or snow,  
warmer; southerly winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 19 1913

PRICE ONE CENT

# Cessation of the Inhuman Warfare

## SUIT AGAINST COAL TRUST ENDED

Government Dismisses Charges  
Against the Philadelphia &  
Reading Company

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Unless named as co-defendants the allied interests of the government to break up the so-called coal trust came to an end today when upon application of counsel for the government, the United States court here dismissed the suit of the United States against the Philadelphia & Reading Co., in which it was charged that the company was violating the commodities clause of the railway rate law. The government claimed that the railroad company was violating that section of the law which forbids a line from transporting commodities in which the company had an interest. The government sought an injunction restraining the railroad from transporting coal dug from its own mines and in this connection

## INJURED DURING STRIKE

Hearing on Petition of  
John Connor

**Throat Weak?**  
We have had seventy years of experience with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. That makes us have great confidence in it for coughs, colds, bronchitis, weak throats, and weak lungs. Ask your own doctor what experience he has had with it. He knows.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

We have had seventy years of experience with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. That makes us have great confidence in it for coughs, colds, bronchitis, weak throats, and weak lungs. Ask your own doctor what experience he has had with it. He knows.

Walt for the big clean-up sale of the Greigore stock, commencing Saturday morning, February 22, at 9 o'clock. Bargains for everybody.

Telegraphic Bevilles

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—Edward F. Myliss, the English journalist convicted of libeling King George V of England and detained by the immigration authorities at Ellis Island, was given permission today by Federal Judge Cox to enter the United States.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Americans who fled in terror from Mexico City to embark from Vera Cruz for the United States are cancelling their bookings on steamships.

Nevada Divorce Bill to Stop  
RENO, Nev., Feb. 19.—Nevada's divorce-industry received a death blow in the state senate in Carson City yesterday, when the Barnes amendment, providing for one year's residence as a primary requirement to an application for legal separation, was passed by a vote of twenty to one. The measure already had passed the assembly. Gov. Oddie announced that he will sign the bill.

In the last two years 1351 suits for divorce have been filed in Reno, a city of 12,000 population. There are probably 100 divorce seekers in the city now.

Panama to Build a Railroad  
PANAMA, Feb. 19.—The bill providing for the construction of a railroad from Panama to David passed the last stage in the assembly yesterday and now only lacks the signature of the president to become a law.

Chas. Carey Improving

Charles A. Carey, letter carrier of upper Westford street in the vicinity of Belmont and Pine streets, is unable to resume his duties. Over a week ago he fell from ice-covered steps he was precipitated into the concrete walk, striking on his knee. He is improving and his many friends hope to see him back at work in the near future.

You Cannot Afford

To overlook a single article in our Merrimack street window. They are best appreciated by the more particular class of customers, at a price just like finding money.

R. E. JUDD  
Bookseller and Stationer  
79 Merrimack Street.

POCKETBOOK CONTAINING SUM OF \$100.00, lost between depot and Polk's store, via Middlesex, Central and Merrimack st., Reward if returned.

BENCH OF ORDERS CONTAINING two gas checks, lost between Quin's coal yard and Gorham st., Return to John P. Quin, 937 Gorham st.

MECHANICS  
202 MERRIMACK ST.

THE ONLY  
SAVINGS BANK  
IN LOWELL  
Where deposits will draw  
interest from  
MARCH 1st

WORTHEN

## Dame Fashion Says

Ribbons will be used very extensively this Spring for Millinery, Waists, Dresses, Hair Bows and Sashes. Buy now for future use and save over a third of the regular price.

*The Bon Marché*  
DRY GOODS CO.  
SATISFACTION OR YOUR MONEY BACK

## Three Large Shipments

Purchased at special prices from leading manufacturers, added to our own large stock, all marked at prices that in many instances are below the wholesale.

Tomorrow Morning at 8 O'Clock We Open a Great

Over twenty-five thousand yards of first quality ribbons at prices far below those asked for seconds by some stores.

## RIBBON

## CARNIVAL



Every desirable weave—Every desirable width and every desirable coloring at very desirable prices.



We have been preparing for this bargain feast for months. Leading manufacturers of standard quality ribbons have made us sharp price concessions on large spot cash purchases. We have gathered thousands of yards of Ribbons from the looms of the world's best manufacturers and offer them to you at prices today that are

## A Saving of One-Third to One-Half of the Regular

6c Colored Velvet Ribbon, No. 1 Baby Ribbon. Sale Price, Yard.....	<b>3c</b>
12c Colored Velvet Ribbon, No. 1 1-2, Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>8c</b>
15c Colored Velvet Ribbon, No. 2. Sale Price, Yard.....	<b>10c</b>
19c Colored Velvet Ribbon, No. 3. Sale Price, Yard.....	<b>12c</b>
25c Colored Velvet Ribbon, No. 5. Sale Price, Yard.....	<b>19c</b>
29c Colored Velvet Ribbon, No. 7. Sale Price, Yard.....	<b>20c</b>
39c Colored Velvet Ribbon, special width for neck bows. Sale Price, Yard.....	<b>29c</b>
49c Colored Velvets, No. 12. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>39c</b>
59c Colored Velvets, No. 22. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>49c</b>
5 in. Cerise Velvet Ribbon, special for sashes and millinery. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>69c</b>
19c Black Velvet, No. 9. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>15c</b>
39c Black Velvet, No. 16, special, best quality for sashes, millinery and dress trimmings. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>25c</b>

59c Black Velvet, No. 22. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>39c</b>
69c Black Velvet, No. 40, extra good quality. Sale Price, Yard.....	<b>49c</b>
59c Best Quality Taffeta Ribbon, in full line of colors, 8 in. width. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>49c</b>
12 1-2c Black Taffeta, 2 1-2 in. Sale Price, Yard.....	<b>5c</b>
29c Messaline in all shades, 5 inch. Sale Price, Yard.....	<b>19c</b>
25c Black Taffeta, extra good black and best quality, 3 and 3 1-2 in. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>10c</b>
49c Black Faille, suitable for millinery and hair bows, 7 in. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>20c</b>
49c Satin Background Dresden in violet, red and blue predominating. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>25c</b>
49c No. 1 Lingerie Wash Ribbon in pink, blue and white with anchor design. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>3c</b>
98c No. 1 Special Tapestry Ribbon in green background with old rose coloring. 6 1-2 in. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>89c</b>
75c, No. 1 Special Maple Leaf Pattern, 7 in. width. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>49c</b>
15c Dresden in Dainty Patterns, 2 1-2 inch. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>5c</b>
69c Plaid for Hair Bows, special in 10 yard pieces, 6 in. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>49c</b>

79c Persian in Alice Blue and brown shades. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>39c</b>
78c Dresden, patterns suitable for chiffon waist bands. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>25c</b>
12 1-2c Black Taffeta, 2 1-2 in. Sale Price, Yard.....	<b>5c</b>
78c Dresden Ribbons, white background with wood colors and Roman stripe edge, 6 inch. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>49c</b>
10c Black Satin Ribbon, No. 7. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>3c</b>
15c Black Satin Grosgrain, Nos. 9 and 12. Sale Price, Yard.....	<b>5c</b>
10c Black and Light Blue Chiffon Ribbon for hair ornaments and dress trimmings. No. 3 and No. 5. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>1c</b>
49c Satin Roman Stripe, 6 in. for hair bows and directoire sashes. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>29c</b>
25c Warp Print Ribbons, 5 in., dainty Dresden patterns. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>15c</b>
29c and 39c Dresden in every desirable shade in pink, blue, maize and lilac. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>25c</b>
33c Roman Stripes, 4 in., suitable for hair ribbon and millinery for children's school hats. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>19c</b>
25c Green, Red and Blue Check, 5 in. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>10c</b>
19c Roman Stripes, Persians and Warp Prints. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>15c</b>

12 1-2c and 15c Value Taffeta, in all good staple colors, 2 1-2 and 3 in. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>5c</b>
19c Pearl Gray and Dark Gray Taffeta, 5 inch. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>5c</b>
25c Satin Taffeta in Alice, Garnet, Scarlet, Lavender, Navy, Seal Brown, 5 inch width. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>15c</b>
25c Satin Taffeta, extra good for girdles and hat bows, 4 inch width. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>19c</b>
15c Satin Taffeta in red, pink, yellow, white and blue, 3 inch. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>10c</b>
29c and 39c Black Moire, 6 inch. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>15c</b>
10c No. 1 Polka Dot Lingerie Wash Ribbon in pink, blue and white. Sale Price, Piece .....	<b>7c</b>
69c Light Blue, Pink and White Taffeta with 1 in. satin stripe. Special for sashes, 6 inch. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>49c</b>
In this particular pattern we have Hair Bow Ribbon to match sashes, 5 1-2 in. width. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>39c</b>
39c Dresden Ribbons, 5 in., dainty patterns for sashes, party bags, work bags, etc. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>15c</b>
69c Dresden, 6 1-2 in., navy and pink. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>39c</b>
\$1.25 a yard. Special 12 in. Alice Blue, the much desired shade for this season's millinery, with 2 in. satin border, 1 3-4 yards only. Sale Price, Yard .....	<b>75c</b>

## AMUSEMENT NOTES

Lowell Open House Every line of "The Man from Home" in which the Longman Players are to be seen at the People's House, will be written on the beautiful terrace at the Hotel Houghtaling Marcherita, at Sorrento, Italy. There Ruth Tarkington and Harry Leon Wilson, the authors of the play, are to be seen and the girls, boys and girls together, while building the drama. As played by the Longman Players at the Opera House this week "The Man from Home" is proving a potent attraction and it is to further emphasize the fact that local theatregoers are to be given a series of high class performances.

ANNESTONES Charles Vaughan, who plays the role of Arthur Price, labor representative in the house of commons in "Milestone," which comes to the Opera House, Feb. 27, visited the United States last April with Charles Rawlings in "Dad's Old Charlie." An earlier visit was made with Forbes Robertson.

## Merrimack Square Theatre

A most entertaining program is being given at the Merrimack Square Theatre this week. It consists of a number of crackjack good vaudeville acts together with a series of five films. Headline the list are the Temple Players, a new English entertainment in one act, called "At a London Carpeted Ball," is markedly different from anything ever produced by the Players. It is good. See it. Then Joe and Boyle, instrumentalists, Curls and Burns both have something to please, while Snowy Maybelle is a pretty little miss who sets you in good humor with her stories. The photo plays intermission throughout the bill are all A.A.

## Keith's

With the Six American Dancers, Billie ("Swede") Hall and Willard and Cal on the bill, one of the best bills of variety in entertainment in the city this week is on view at the Keith theatre. No lack of entertainment is to be found, yet all of the different kinds of entertainment fit into a perfect whole. In addition to these splendid acts, there are several other things which are more than just good. Mrs. Mulligan is a pretty singer and dancer, and George F. Hall is a declaimer of more than ordinary ability. Les Goulets appear with some unusual musical instruments, and Dennis' brothers are premier revolving chair acrobats. Tickets for this all-

good bill may be secured at the box office for any performance during the week. The box office phone number is 128.

## The Playhouse

There is no doubt but that Miss Bertha Mann, the new member of The Drama Players, who are this week presenting George Bernard Shaw's great problem play, "Man and Superman," at The Playhouse, will make herself extremely popular with the patrons of this theatre. Her work already stamps her as an actress of rare ability, and possessing requisites which contribute in the general ac-

ceptance of endeavors that are indeed praiseworthy. Those who have already witnessed her presentation of the character of "Vivie" readily agree that her efforts are most pleasing. Order your seats for Saturday, Washington's birthday anniversary, now and avoid the possibility of being disappointed.

## The Kasino

positively the best made at that time, but which has since undergone a number of important improvements. Today, there is no skating in the world to equal it. After a few hours of skating at the Kasino you will understand why.

## Jerusalem Tonight

All who wish to learn about the Holy Land, especially Jerusalem, are invited to the illustrated lecture given by Mr. William Bradford Goodwin, who will give at the People's club course, beginning at 8 o'clock tonight. Many fine views will show the chief interest. The hall is in the Bunker building, and there is no charge for admission. The elevator will give a "lift" to the hall.

## PRINCIPAL HENRY H. HARRIS

Of the Varnum School Addressed  
Mothers' Association at First  
Congregational Church

The monthly meeting of the Mothers' Association of the First Congregational church took place this afternoon in the vestry of the church and was largely attended. A feature of the afternoon was an address by Principal H. H. Harris of the Varnum school, who spoke on "The Home and the School." The meeting was opened at 3 o'clock by the president, Mrs. George Heath, and this was followed by the devotional exercises presided over by Mrs. Robert S. Fulton. Mrs. William S. Lyon rendered a fine violin selection, being accompanied on the piano by Master George Faulkner of the Varnum school.

Among those present was the pastor of the church, Rev. Mr. Newcomb. Mr. Harris' address was, in part, as follows:

"Two great bulwarks which have safeguarded our civilization and culture are the home and the school. Other institutions have, indeed, made valuable contributions, but to the home and to the school are we indebted for the noblest fruits of modern life."

"Each has its own distinct duties and functions, but the division is not fixed and invariable, nor is the line of demarcation between the special fields of each always easy to draw. Today's demands upon each are different from those of yesterday, and future requirements will not be identical with those of today. The nature and character of school work and home duties are in state of revolution, of rapid adjustment to changing conditions. In past generations the influence of the home overshadowed that of the school. In the home the child received the major part of his training for his later life. The home produced and prepared nearly all the food consumed by the family, and in it much of the work which is now carried on in the factory was then performed. It was the scene of diversified industry as well as the center of the child's social life; in contrast, the school was merely the place where the famous three R's were expounded to the unwilling youth."

"As the years roll steadily on, the home has lost, one by one, many of its important and characteristic functions. Particularly when located in a city like Lowell, it offers very little opportunity for observation of, or participation in, constructive work of any kind. The home chores are few; there is little wood to split, no garden to hoe, no cows to milk, no blacksmithing is done, no shoes are made, no cloth is spun, no wagons or sleds are constructed; all this work is performed elsewhere. In fact, the city home offers no regular or systematic work or any importance for the youth, no opportunity for manual training or to perform stated tasks. As a consequence this develops more and more of the school."

"My grandfather lived on a New Hampshire farm and raised and made pretty nearly everything required by his family for their necessity and comfort. His boys from early boyhood assisted him in all the farm work. They saw the ground prepared, the seed sown, watched the germination and the growth of the corn and oats, wheat, rye and barley; they helped in harvesting and threshing, and they took the resulting grain to mill and brought back the golden meal and flour, the reward of their toil. They learned the lessons of cause and effect, they felt the relations of man and nature in a way impossible to your children and mine. They were of necessity trained to labor and to be self-reliant and resourceful. Their course in manual training is not equalled in the best High school in the state."

"My grandmother took the flax and the wool raised on the farm, prepared it, and spun and wove it into cloth."

"I have always found that pupils do better work in school whose parents are accustomed to talking over the day's school work with them. Children rarely know themselves that they need

Card of Thanks  
The undersigned desire to thank all those who by their sympathy and beautiful tributes assisted in making lighter the burden of sorrow in their bereavement in the loss of their father, Nathaniel Bishop.

Herbert L. Bishop,  
Warren A. Bishop.

DON'T allow your health to be undermined and your pleasures marred by dental breakdown.

Your teeth are not too far gone. Don't wait. My business is to save them without pain at reasonable prices. I have over 200 modern appliances to extract and fill teeth absolutely without pain.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED  
Full set of teeth ..... \$5.00  
Gold Crowns and bridge work \$5.00  
Gold Fillings ..... \$1.00  
Silver Fillings ..... 50¢ up  
Teeth cleaned ..... 50¢ up

Dr. B. D. Blanchard  
352 Merrimack Street, Cor. Worcester,  
Opposite City Hall

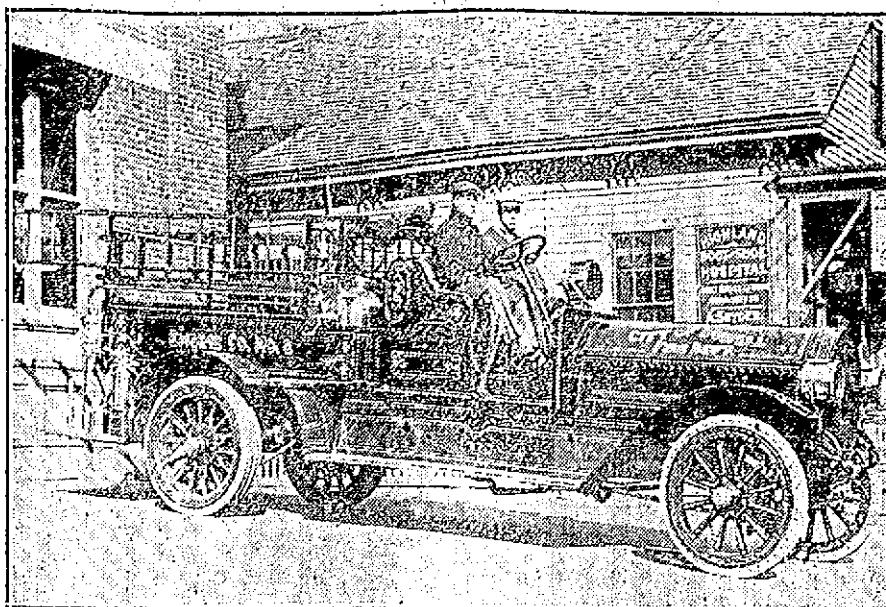
DANDELION

TABLETS AND PILLS  
Miracle as a Blood Purifier

Say thousands who have used them. A positive cure for Rheumatism, Constitution and Foot Breath Diseases, especially for Liver, Kidney and Stomach. Eliminates all poisons from the system, without griping. Purely Vegetable and guaranteed under Pure Food and Drugs Law. Free samples on request to SCHENCK CHEMICAL CO., 54 Franklin street, New York. 25 cents a box at

HALL & LYON CO., 67-69 Merrimack Street, Lowell, Mass.

THE GOVE CO., Wholesale and Retail Milliners, with stores in Lawrence and Haverhill, has bought out Gregoire's Millinery Store. Wait for the big clean-up sale of the Gregoire stock, starting Feb. 22nd.

ANOTHER FIRE AUTO, THE SEAGRAVES, TESTED  
THIS AFTERNOON BY COMMISSIONER BARRETT

THE NEW SEAGRAVE AUTO MACHINE

The Seagraves automobile combination hose and chemical was given a try-out this afternoon. It was the last to arrive of the three machines recently purchased and while Commissioner Barrett seems to think exceptionally well of the Robinson machine, a great deal has been said in praise of the Seagrave machine by fire chiefs in

different cities throughout the country.

Lowell, however, is now in a position to test both machines and conclusions may be drawn later. The Seagraves is a six-cylinder machine and very powerful. It is air cooled, has electric search lights and electric lights throughout. The wheel base is 156 inches. The machine carries a chemi-

cal tank with a capacity of 40 gallons; 200 feet of chemical hose; 100 feet of two and one-half inch hose and a 36-foot ladder. The machine will be installed at the Palmer street engine house. The test of the Seagraves was made over almost exactly the same route as that taken by the Robinson machine a few days ago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 19.—Several thousand dollars' worth of diamonds, silverware, furs and jewelry believed to be the loot taken from residences in Cleveland by members of the so-called burglar trust was recovered by the police in a West Side pawn shop here last night. Initials had been scraped off the silverware. Information as to where the booty could be found was given by Otto Christianson, who was arrested on a charge of being the Chicago agent for the "trust." Christianson made a confession in which he implicated Frank Kenney, under arrest here in connection with the murder of Ralph Byrnes, a late captain, in his home in Cleveland early this month.

SALEM, Feb. 19.—Many men and women waiting for trains at the Salem station of the Boston & Maine road today were witnesses of the death of Ernest Morin, a railroad section man and the serious injury of two fellow-employees. The man stepped out of the way of an express into the path of a freight train.

SALEM, Feb. 19.—A unique labor measure was reported in the house of representatives by the legislature committed on labor today. The bill, which will become effective on May 1, if enacted into law, provides that all judges more than 200 cases were placed on the present trial calendar for disposition at this sitting of the court by order of the court. Nearly half these cases have not been advanced by counsel and Judge Ratigan gave notice yesterday that all these actions will be dismissed "unless otherwise ordered for cause shown." The enforcement of the new rule is expected by court officials to greatly lighten the trial calendar in the future by preventing the accumulation of old cases.

WORCESTER, Feb. 19.—An order was issued by Judge John B. Ratigan in superior court last night that will dismiss nearly 100 cases, some of which have been pending for more than a decade, from the trial calendar.

Under a new rule of the superior court judges more than 200 cases were placed on the present trial calendar for disposition at this sitting of the court by order of the court. Nearly half

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## SCHOOLS AND TAX REFORMS

cation which has become a feature of our magnificent public school system." Congressmen-elect Rogers.

In the course of his talks on "Tax Reforms in Wisconsin," Mr. Rogers said:

"A consideration of the income tax proposition is not inappropriate in the light of what students of the problem have recently learned by experience of a practical nature. The tendency has always been to get the most out of taxation with the least objection from those who pay the bills. The taxation laws of Massachusetts and New York are similar to that of other states, but changes are gradually taking place in taxation methods throughout the Union."

"One hundred years ago not one of our towns had been incorporated. The issue of stock was in its infancy, bonds were unknown. The possessions of a town were practically on the table in full view of the tax collector. That was fair."

"Following the establishment of corporations and the birth of intangible securities, we find much taxable property hidden away in secret boxes and there is a constant loss to the public purse in consequence."

"The general taxing proposition in Massachusetts has broken down. Much of the existing unrest is undoubtedly due to the poverty of the small property owner who feels that he is paying the way of someone more able to pay."

"It seems to me that the more tax should be levied on prosperity, not on adversity. A tax upon the man's ability to pay should be levied."

"The income tax is not new. It has been found practical in many parts of England first established the income tax in 1798, and maintained it until 1826. In 1842 Robert Bell had another income tax passed, and since that time it has been in use in various forms. England has established \$500 as the minimum for income taxation. Denmark, Italy and Germany have adopted income taxation with success."

"There is another feature of the English tax which is based on a levy on bonds that are to yield dividends. This comes before the dividend has been paid."

"The only civilized government in Europe without the income tax is France and efforts have been made repeatedly to have it adopted by that country. The ultimate success of these efforts is not questioned."

"The point was raised years ago by a man named Springer that the income tax was not constitutional, and the controversy over this question lasted for years. Eventually the courts ruled that the tax was constitutional."

"The assessment of such tax will mean a great benefit to offset the loss in tariff revenues during the incoming national administration."

"As to a state income tax, let me say that Massachusetts passed a law in 1868 providing for such tax, and to-day we have a tax providing for taxation on incomes in excess of \$2000. I tried to vote to find how much income there is in Lowell from this source."

## Status of Wealth

"I would like to know how much of our wealth in Lowell is made up of personal and how much of real estate. In Wisconsin the figures are explicit. It is fair to say that in Massachusetts one dollar of personal value exists for one dollar of real estate value, but the tax does not show it."

"I should judge that four-fifths of our revenue by taxation in Lowell comes from real estate. That is not fair."

"The so-called mill tax on personal property is a method advocated by some men who have studied the question. In my opinion, this is not the best method."

"Twenty states in this country have adopted the income tax in one form or another."

"Wisconsin is the experimental station of the country. It established in 1911 an income tax which yielded a revenue of \$3,500,000, an amount greater than the personal tax of the state."

"The Wisconsin law removes all taxes on a wide variety of personal property, including money, stocks and bonds. A living wage minimum of \$500 has been set for a single man, and \$1200 for a man and his wife. A wage of \$160 paid to a man with wife and three children is exempt from taxation. The theory is that a hardship practice on the individual in the way of taxation is reflected by expense to the state in the matter of almshouse and other bills."

"The taxation of a bond is not equitable, but the taxation of the return of the bond is fair. In Wisconsin, a man's wealth is the basis of taxation, not his property."

"The state coffers do not profit under this law, beyond 10 per cent. The city or town receives 70 per cent, and the county, 20 per cent."

"Every man must make a sworn return of his wealth, and for failure to do this, imprisonment and double taxation are the penalties. The money raised in Wisconsin through income taxation came largely from people who could well afford to pay from people who had been dodging their taxes for years."

"The income tax by states is popular, regardless of the federal income tax. It is fair to the people generally, and I want to say that, although there may be many here who do not pay their just share to the city government today, it is because of a neglect that practically the whole community shares in. Until this condition is corrected, the city will not receive the money to which it is entitled."

\$12,000 Blaze at Amesbury

AMESBURY, Feb. 19.—The fire-fighting apparatus in town was called out last night to fight a blaze which damaged the automobile body factory of J. H. Leitch. The loss was estimated at \$12,000, largely caused by water.

The best place in Lowell to get a good square meal

MEET ME AT THE LOWELL INN

The best place in Lowell to get a good square meal

CARROLL BROS.

Plumbers, Steam

Fitters and Sheet

Metal Workers

Houghton & Dutton

New England's Great Cash Store

BOSTON, MASS.

36 Middle St. Telephone 1650

## SCHUMAKER IS MAYOR OF MALDEN

## Defeated Doonan in Special Election—Mayor Barry Renominated in Cambridge

MALDEN, Feb. 19.—At the special election for mayor yesterday to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mayor George L. Farrell, ex-Alderman Chas. Schumaker was elected, defeating ex-Councilman Owen C. Doonan by 1052 votes. The vote by wards follows:

Wds. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Tds.  
Schumaker 529 152 488 442 612 626 247 2135  
Doonan 207 758 224 234 160 161 269 216

Mayor-elect Schumaker has been a resident of the city longer than a quarter of a century. He is engaged in business here and is well known. He has been an alderman for six years and has been a member of the legislature from this district. More than 5200 voters, out of a registration of 7511, voted for the polls.

## BARRY RENOMINATED

Mayor of Cambridge Given Plurality of 1501—Carried Every Ward in the City—Increased Vote

BOSTON, Feb. 19.—The result of the democratic primary for mayor yesterday in Cambridge resulted in the renomination of Mayor J. Edward Barry.

"The total vote for all candidates was 7211, just about the full strength of the party, vote at a regular municipal election. The total of each candidate was:

J. Edward Barry, 3739; James A. Montgomery, 2145; James T. Barrett, 167; Michael M. O'Connor, 580; Charles H. Gaffney, 133.

It was an unusually hot campaign, and the landslide vote for Mayor Barry surprised even the knowing ones, as he got about 760 votes more than two years ago, when he was first nominated, while Mr. Montgomery this year just about held his vote of two years ago.

## Husband and Wife Both Saved From Suffering

I wish to tell you the good results myself and husband received from Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. About 11 years ago I had a severe attack of La Grange and was confined to my bed about eight weeks under the doctor's care. He pronounced my case kidney trouble and rheumatism and not receiving the results from the doctor's treatment I should have received, I decided to try Swamp-Root.

After taking several bottles of Swamp-Root I was able to get up and attend to my work. About a year later my husband was affected with a severe attack of kidney trouble and doctor for some time with the doctors and received no benefit. Knowing of the good I had received, he decided to try Swamp-Root. His condition was such that he was confined to his bed and words cannot tell how he suffered, but after taking Swamp-Root he was relieved so he could go on with his work without pain. I wish to heartily recommend Swamp-Root to all persons afflicted with kidney and bladder troubles and you may publish this letter if you wish.

Yours truly,  
MRS. A. E. BRIGGS.

Elfred, Pa.

Sworn and subscribed to before me, this 25th day of May, 1912.

IRA McCARTHY, Notary Public.

Letter to  
Dr. Kilmer & Co.  
Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You.

Send to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling all about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention the Lowell Sun. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

Why not save some money on your trip west? I can tell you how to do it and yet travel comfortably on a first-class express train. Sleeping berths, roomy and very comfortable, but very inexpensive, and the entire equipment made to give you a nice easy, quiet trip.

I'm employed by the Burlington to see that all travelers are well taken care of and I want to be of as much service to you as possible. I'll be glad to take the little details off your mind—engage you a choice berth, attend to your tickets, advise about your baggage, send you maps and printed information with pictures and tell you anything you may want to know about any part of the far west or the coast country.

Just drop me a line saying when and where you want to go and I'll answer at once and give you a lot of information.

Alex Stock, New England Passenger Agent, C. B. & Q. R. R., 261 Washington St., Boston.

## Extra Low Fare Tickets to the Far West—California and Northwest

Why not save some money on your trip west? I can tell you how to do it and yet travel comfortably on a first-class express train. Sleeping berths, roomy and very comfortable, but very inexpensive, and the entire equipment made to give you a nice easy, quiet trip.

I'm employed by the Burlington to see that all travelers are well taken care of and I want to be of as much service to you as possible. I'll be glad to take the little details off your mind—engage you a choice berth, attend to your tickets, advise about your baggage, send you maps and printed information with pictures and tell you anything you may want to know about any part of the far west or the coast country.

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Alex Stock, New England Passenger Agent, C. B. & Q. R. R., 261 Washington St., Boston.

## HAIR STOPS FALLING, DANDRUFF DISAPPEARS—25 CENT "DANDERINE"

SAVE YOUR HAIR! BEAUTIFY IT! INVIGORATE YOUR SCALP!

DANDERINE GROWS HAIR AND WE CAN PROVE IT.

Try as you will, after an application through your hair, taking one small of Danderine, you cannot find a single strand or a loose or falling hair, and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most, will be after a few weeks' use, when you will actually see new hair, fine and downy—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine now will immediately double the beauty of your hair. No difference, how dull, faded, brittle and straggly, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it

through your hair, taking one small of Danderine, you cannot find a single strand or a loose or falling hair, and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most, will be after a few weeks' use, when you will actually see new hair, fine and downy—growing all over the scalp.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter, and prove to yourself tonight—now—that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all.

In all they secured 600 bottles of beer, 10 gallons of whiskey and five gallons of gin. The liquor was taken to the police station and the driver held until the identity of the owner of the team can be established.

## SUFFRAGETTE TRIUMPH

## Wilmington, Del., Welcomes the Marchers

WILMINGTON, Del., Feb. 19.—They are coming, they are coming, and one is changing her shoes down at the foot of the hill on Market street," cried a newsboy running up in front of the hotel where 1200 Wilmington people had been waiting to welcome "Gen." Rosalie Jones of New York and her suffragettes on their way to Washington. The crowd rushed down Market street hill and encountered Chief Scout Mrs. Olive Schultz of New York. She was changing her shoes, but they were two of the shoes of her little scouting automobile.

Just then the blare of a bugle announced the arrival of the real fighters, and up the way came Gen. Jones and her troopers, 11 of whom have walked every foot of the way from Newark. There are about 20 camp followers from New York who have walked most of the way, and an interesting delegation from Princeton, Trenton and Philadelphia.

The fire department here was waiting to greet the marchers with clanging bells and tooting whistles. Mayor Harrison W. Howell, on the steps of the quaint little city hall, held in 1796, seized Gen. Rosalie's hand and officially tendered the freedom of the city to the visitors.

The day had been one of intoxicating success for the lovely countryside through which these women had walked had been of suffrage sentiment.

Among the young women who enlisted at Chester is Miss Adelade Birtwell, 17 years of age. She was accompanied by a convert to the cause who had made all by herself. The convert is Miss Marjorie Blakely, whose mother didn't approve of her going because she, the mother, was the vice-president of the Chester Anti-Suffrage League.

Another volunteer said she was Georgiana H. Lehman, 57 years old, of Chester, Penn., who wore a pair of stout cowboy shoes. "This is so new to me," she said. "When I was a young woman I walked from Taplow in Devonshire to London in four days, and made it with only three blisters and a stone bruise."

As the army passed a little way-side cemetery it saw at the gate a little woman in rusty widow's weeds who carried a bunch of flowers. Her face caught the eye of Miss Jones, who smiled and instantly the widow came forward, pressing into her hands half of the flowers. "I brought them for the grave of my little girl who has slept here for years and years," she said. "She was just such another sweet-faced child as you must have been, and if God hadn't taken her I am sure she would have grown up to be such a lovely woman as you are." Miss Jones patted the moist-faced woman on the shoulder and whispered something that no one heard and the army swept on.

The army stopped to rest at Naaman-on-Delaware, at the old Col. Tom Robinson house, part of which was built in 1643 and was used as a block house against Indians and river pirates. Jefferson Davis, a white bulldog, dressed in a "votes for women" blanket, waited on the lawn. The house is now occupied by Henry J. Peck, E. R. Shadrack and Herbert Moore, artist and pupils of Howard Pyle.

On the little white bridge just beyond, Eben N. Baldwin for 30 years postmaster at Clayton, met and welcomed the women.

At the Arden single tax colony, where Upton Sinclair lived for a time, nine women came across the fields to get the arms and take part in the reception of Gen. Jones and at the country estate of Mrs. E. A. Lodge.

Passing the toll gate on the Chester Pike a farmer's wife came out and presented a big Mare cat. Chief Scout Olive Schultz. She put it in a basket at her feet and hereafter the army will have a mascot. Suffrage meetings were held on several Wilmington street corners last night.

## DETECTIVE IS ATTACKED

Testimony at Second Darrow Trial Designed to Impeach Bert H. Franklin

LOS ANGELES, CAL., Feb. 19.—Testimony designed to impeach Bert H. Franklin, former McNamara defense detective, who confessed having bribed jurors, was introduced yesterday in the second trial of Clarence S. Darrow. Frank Dominguez of Los Angeles, an attorney associated with Earl Rogers, until recently Darrow's chief counsel, and Gordon C. Watt of Helena, clerk of the Montana senate, were among the principal witnesses.

Dominguez testified Franklin had told him that Darrow was not connected in the bribery of the McNamara jurors.

Watt, who formerly lived near Los Angeles, testified that Franklin told him the district attorney was only holding the charges over him (Franklin) to make him "testify against Darrow," who was the man they wanted to get."

A Saloon on Wheels

NEWBURYPORT, Feb. 19.—Officers Fenders and Huyes seized a wagon on Fair street at about 6 last evening driven by a 15-year-old boy, the team containing a large amount of liquor that had been secreted in Haverhill and which the police believed was being brought into the city for a man who has been before the court frequently for the illegal sale of liquor.

In all they secured 600 bottles of beer, 10 gallons of whiskey and five gallons of gin. The liquor was taken to the police station and the driver held until the identity of the owner of the team can be established.

## NO MORE CONSTIPATION

It's Me for Olive Tablets!

That is the joyful cry of thousands since Dr. Edwards produced Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards, a practicing physician for 17 years and Calomel's old-time enemy, discovered the formula for Olive Tablets while treating patients for chronic constipation and torpid livers.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets do not contain calomel, but a healing, sooth-

ing laxative.

No griping is the "keynote" of these little sugar-coated tablets.

They cause the bowels and liver to act normal. They never force them to unnatural action.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are so easy to take that children do not regard them as "medicine" at all.

If you have a "dark brown mouth" now and then—a bad breath—a dull, tired feeling—sick headache—torpid liver and constipated, you'll find quick, sure and only pleasant results from one or two little Olive Tablets per day.

## BASEBALL AND FIELD SPORTS

## THE SUN SPORTING PAGE

## BOXING, GOLF AND ATHLETICS

## DOUBLE HEADER PLAYED

In the Baraca League Last Night

## FIRST BAPTIST AND TRINITARIAN TEAMS, ROLLED SIX STRINGS

Each Team Took a Game—Other League Games Rolled—Many Interesting Contests With Good Scores

There were two games played in the Baraca bowling league last night, the First Baptist team defeating the Trinitarian Congregational in the first game by nearly a hundred pins, while in the second match between them the First Baptist team was beaten by the small margin of 12 pins. Turnball of the Trinitarian team was high man with a total of 318.

The Calvary Baptist team took the measure of the Swedish M. E. bowling team in the game last night in the Baraca league. The showman of the losers was the highest three string roller with a mark of 359.

The Plumbers won their match with the Parcel Post team in their Brunswick league game by the score of 147 to 138. Hessian rolled high with 311.

The scores of all the matched games and their summaries are as follows:

## TRINITARIAN CONG.

	1	2	3	Totals
Barlow	70	92	71	233
Turnbull	82	81	88	251
Ferguson	97	86	86	269
Hibbs	83	79	103	261
Brown	95	83	99	277
Totals	428	423	447	1223

## FIRST BAPTIST

	1	2	3	Totals
Willis	95	87	83	265
Chapman	85	85	91	261
Woodman	94	103	107	310
Johnson	97	96	89	271
Brown	97	93	99	281
Totals	410	410	457	1327

The score of the second game:

## TRINITARIAN CONG.

	1	2	3	Totals
Barlow	89	87	99	275
Turnbull	125	95	98	318
Ferguson	93	94	94	281
Hibbs	90	90	91	271
Brown	112	95	94	281
Totals	510	410	462	1412

## FIRST BAPTIST

	1	2	3	Totals
Willis	28	21	116	305
Davis	21	21	87	235
Woodman	103	93	94	290
Johnson	93	90	91	274
Brown	54	91	88	231
Totals	461	450	478	1399

## SWEDISH M. E.

	1	2	3	Totals
J. Johnson	77	95	85	258
H. Johnson	81	82	75	238
Schubom	95	85	111	291
V. Schubom	86	76	81	243
Totals	411	413	425	1300

## DIAMOND NOTES

No man in baseball ever had more

success than Bill Shettline with the Phillies. Shettline has served the Quakers in every official capacity. He has been manager, secretary, president and business manager. The only job Billy overlooked are official fix-dispeller, boy and bar tender at the water cooler. Shettline is up to the ownership of the Phils. He do not tease Shettline, and after every new upheaval Bill still is on deck.

## PLUMBERS

	1	2	3	Totals
Jesson	103	102	102	311
Quirk	97	92	108	297
Devine	82	94	90	266
Sheppard	53	51	57	161
Burns	53	100	82	235
Totals	453	467	573	1503

## PARCEL POSTS

	1	2	3	Totals
Wiers	86	107	89	273
Maguire	82	112	79	273
Battery	87	99	97	283
Turnquist	91	84	97	272
Willis	86	96	104	286
Totals	442	435	448	1388

## TEAM SIX

	1	2	3	Totals
Leafer	93	24	51	166
Kilpatrick	88	21	25	134
Trotter	181	185	156	522
Totals	181	185	156	522

## TEAM SEVEN

	1	2	3	Totals
Trotter	161	93	88	243
Craig	57	85	88	230
Trotter	201	184	176	564
Totals	201	184	176	564

## MCCARTHY'S PETS

	1	2	3	Totals
Sullivan	82	83	86	255
McCarthy	91	91	105	300
McCarthy	87	88	93	270
Willis	82	85	87	254
Demers	23	91	97	211
Totals	440	452	483	1375

## COLE'S WONDERS

	1	2	3	Totals
Colle	162	90	92	355
Hall	56	56	57	169
Hollwell	56	46	51	153
Hay	101	70	75	245
Dickey	106	100	85	291
Totals	500	451	477	1427

## MULLIN'S PETS

	1	2	3	Totals
Mullin	82	81	84	247
McLaughlin	83	73	71	227
Matley	77	71	82	230
Matley	80	85	83	248
Duffy	81	78	75	234
Totals	413	394	416	1221

## MONETTE'S GLOOMS

	1	2	3	Totals





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## THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. BARRINGTON, Proprietor  
SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

## TAFT TO MADERO

That portion of the press which has striven to stir up the passions of an excited public since the Mexican uprising, by referring to President Taft as "a man of straw," may find nothing to admire in the firmness and good sense of the message he has addressed to Pres. Madero of Mexico, regarding the policy of the United States. On the other hand the more conscientious part of the press, and the same judgment of public opinion, will find that the president has taken the wisest course possible, and in doing so sacrifices neither American interest nor American dignity.

Madero, it would seem, took the orders of the president to the army and navy to mean that America meant to intervene at once in Mexican affairs. He protested against this with the result that the president in his note says, "Fresh assurances of friendship to Mexico are unnecessary after two years of 'proof of patience and good will.' This is stating the situation calmly but firmly. While the president's message has a vein of sincere sympathy the dominant note is one of firm protest. This is not the time for a fawning or suppliant attitude. America does not say, "Pray spare the lives and property of Americans." She says rather, "You must save them. We have long been patient."

As to the landing of American troops the president makes no promises to refrain from doing so but alludes to his orders to the army and navy as "measures of a natural precaution." Without doubt the president cannot fail to see the far-reaching consequences of intervention in Mexico, and does not mean to act hastily. That portion of the press and public whose honor is supersensitive, would be the first to deplore and condemn the action of the government if hasty intervention in Mexico had embroiled us in years of warfare and misunderstanding.

The president says, "The present paramount duty is the prompt relief of the situation." In this he makes plain that America in seeking to end the Mexican trouble, is actuated by the principles which as a nation we have always preached and not by cupidity or a desire for territorial extension. In all its particulars the note to Madero voices the sentiment of the people of this country, and it is to be hoped that the policy outlined and advocated therein will guide the trend of public discussion in this delicate situation.

The note will probably do a great deal in solving the future procedure of the opposing parties in Mexico, as far as their relations with us are concerned. Not only Madero but Diaz will now understand that so long as they hold American interests sacred, there shall be no intervention, but as the continual disturbance has created in this country "extreme pessimism" regarding their desire or ability to protect our people, a violation of their duty regarding American interests will be met with intervention regardless of consequences.

Now that Madero is arrested by the federal army it is probable that Diaz will be master of the situation until the army turns against him in favor of some other leader.

## INAUGURATION HOTEL RATES

A resolution has been offered in the house by Representative Johnson of Kentucky, to prevent the restaurants, hotels, and such establishments of Washington, charging any more than the usual amount during inauguration week. It is doubtful that congress will take kindly to the measure, but of its popularity there can be no doubt. Those who intend to journey to the capital would, if in their power, compel the restaurant and hotel keepers to keep their charges within reach. Still it is questionable if congress would have a moral right in imposing such a measure as the rise in prices is governed by the same law that regulates supply and demand in every branch of business.

The people who go to Washington bent on pleasure must expect to spend more during inauguration week than at other times. Enthusiasm makes the train fly a little more swiftly. Congress itself makes appropriations for a suitable celebration of the occasion. It is doubtful then if it is a good or just policy to forbid the rise in prices that is a sure feature of the time. When the law deals with this in a wider sense, and as it affects business in general, the time will be ripe for reform, but it is not consistent that the hotels and restaurants of any one city, at any one time, should be discriminated against. No matter how unjust the exorbitant prices are we must make up our minds to pay them smilingly, remembering that "there are no gains without pains."

## New Nickel Coming

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Coinage of the new nickel was ordered by Secretary McVane yesterday, despite objections of certain slot machine interests. It will be placed in circulation in the course of a week. The new coin will have an Indian head on the face and a buffalo on the reverse.

## Senate Passes Seed Resolutions

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Two resolutions, one calling on the postmaster general to furnish the senate the cost of distribution of seeds through the mail under frank and the other calling on the secretary of agriculture to inform the senate the cost of the seeds were passed by the senate yesterday.

expression in laws to limit the powers of promoters and companies seeking public investment. Vermont has just passed a law, known as the "blue sky law" similar to the law already operating in Kansas, which turns all such companies over to the supervision of the state. The Vermont bank commission must in future investigate any company that solicits public investments. If the scheme is found to be legitimate a license will be issued, and no company shall be allowed to do business without a state license.

This law seems just in every particular. It cannot injure legitimate business, which is in fact protected by any regulation that will destroy illegal competition. It will operate to protect the citizens of that state from the swindlers who have for years robbed the public by fake investment schemes. It will put the responsibility for this business on the state, which by its refusal to issue a license to dishonest bankers, has the means of protecting the citizens of large Massachusetts has long been a prey to professional swindlers and the adoption of such a law seems to be the only way in which such transactions can be prevented. It will be but a matter of a short time until every state in the Union will be compelled to take example by Kansas and Vermont in passing laws such as the "blue sky" law.

## ENVER BEY

A despatch from Constantinople tells of the attempted assassination of Enver Bey, the leader of the Young Turks, who rose to power recently on the fall of the ministry. Perhaps more than any other incident this shows the hopeless disorganization of the Turkish army. In the public indignation and disappointment following the advice of the ambassadors in London to give up Adrianople and the Aegean islands, Enver Bey and the Young Turks gathered the scattered forces and made a last show of bravado. The fight is still going on but is almost one-sided. Were it not that the fortresses of the Turks are almost impregnable, because of their natural situations, and defences, the war would be over long ago. The attempt by the soldiers on the life of the self-constituted leader, Enver Bey, denotes that the enthusiasm kindled by the consciousness of a despairing situation is dead or dying. Gradually the stern facts are being brought home to the people that they are about to lose far more than what they regarded as the extraordinary sacrifices advised at the London conference. It is probable that the attempt on Enver Bey is only a warning of the scenes to be witnessed when the fanatical Moslem at last realizes that his reign of terror in Europe is a thing of the past.

## WANT TO FIGHT MEXICO

There is something pathetic in the plea of the government prisoners of Alcatraz island, who beg for permission to go to war with Mexico, if America should deem it advisable. The open letter they have written would gladden the heart of Rudyard Kipling. In it they plead for the chance to redeem their character by proving to the country that their loyalty is not dead.

They declare that from the prison could be recruited a force that any officer would be proud to lead into the field. They tell how some of them made good in their baptismal fire in Cuba, China, and the Philippines. The most significant part of the letter reads: "Many are here because they are not garrison soldiers. They are fighting men. The monotony of life at a post was too much for them." This reads like a chapter of "Plain Tales from the Hills."

A picturesque figure has passed in the death of Joaquin Miller, "the poet of the Sierras." His life was in keeping with his work, simple, heroic, and apart. In his poems he sang particularly of the plains and mountains of the west and he did more to make this region known here and abroad than any other author, with the possible exception of Bret Harte. Though in his life he showed some bitterness as he grew old, his poems were always full of the spirit of sunshine, happiness, and love. He will be missed by all who prize American literature, particularly by lovers of real poetry.

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## Seen and Heard

"Say, Elsie," said Dan, "why didn't Moses take a Jack rabbit into the ark?"

"I don't know," replied Elsie. "Why did he take rats along?"

"Because Moses never saw the ark," said Dan, "and the joke was on Elsie and the Jack rabbit."

"This dog of mine is some dog, let me tell you. He has a wonderful pedigree."

"I suppose you trace him away back to the dog Noah took into the ark?"

"Say, this dog's ancestors didn't go into the ark, he had a bark of his own."

A very mean trick was played a young man at a hotel a few days ago. He had purchased a pound of candy (80 cents per lb.) for his girl and left it in the hotel office while he went to the bar to make business good for the brewery. An hour later he returned to the office, received his box of candy and tripped lightly to the doorway of his girl's room. Of course the young lady was delighted, but when she opened the box and found that there was only a pound of chocolate. She repeated, "I paid a dollar, you can't give me a pound of chocolate." "I paid a dollar, you can't give me a pound of chocolate."

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# THE GREATEST MONUMENT TO THE FATHER OF HIS COUNTRY

EVERY patriotic American carries a monument of admiring remembrance to George Washington in his heart; so that even without a statue or obelisk standing in his honor the name of the first president would still be unforget. But all humanity requires the outward and visible form for that which it inwardly feels; hence, the Nation has long since erected the greatest shaft in the world to the man who was certainly one of its greatest commanders—both in war and in peace.

Long before the death of the Father of his Country the Continental Congress had decreed that "an equestrian statue of General Washington be erected at the place where the residence of Congress shall be established. It shall be supported by a marble pedestal, in which must be represented four principal events of the war in which he commanded in person."

However, the passage of the act was not followed by any legislative action looking to its practical execution. Sixteen years elapsed before this ambitious project even took sufficient hold on the people to be even seriously considered. In 1799 John Marshall made a motion, in the House of Representatives, that "a marble monument be erected by the United States, at the City of Washington, and that the family of General Washington be requested to permit his body to be deposited under it." A committee was appointed to carry out the project and Mr. Henry Lee was made its chairman.

It directed that the resolutions of the Congress of 1783 be carried out and the inscription approved by it be engraved upon the base of the monument. This report was, however, amended by the House to a whole in favor of a "mausoleum of American granite and marble, in pyramidal form, one hundred feet square at the base and of a proportionate height."

On New Year's Day, 1801, the House of Representatives passed a bill appropriating the sum of \$20,000 for the monument, and the people in general thought that at last it would be started. But statesmen of yesterday seem to have been as proficient in delaying matters of legislation as their sons of today, for the Senate failed to concur in the act and the entire project was allowed to languish through the stirring years leading up to the War of 1812. Indeed, more than thirty years elapsed before anything definite was done toward erecting the monument or even deciding upon a design.

In 1833 the Washington National Monument Society was founded by several patriotic men of Washington who had become disgusted with the procrastination of Congress. These public-spirited citizens determined to have a statue or monument of Washington if it had to be obtained without the aid of Congress. John Marshall, the great Chief Justice, though nearly eighty years old, was chosen as the first president of the Society, and Judge William Cranch, eminent as a jurist, became the first vice-president. With a board of thirteen managers they obtained subscriptions enough to start the achievement. In 1843 Congress, probably through a sense of its own impotence, authorized

the Society to build the monument and the present site was selected—no doubt because it was the one picked out by George Washington in 1776 as suitable for a revolutionary monument he had hoped to see erected.

No restrictions were placed on the plans for the monument, so far as regards the design or form of the sculpture; and a great many—some of them of almost grotesque proportions—were

selected structure so perfectly carried out the desires of its creators.

Yet even the Mills' conception was far more be-trimmed and ornamented than the monument as it appears at present. The first design provided for a shaft 600 feet high, to be surmounted, at the height of one hundred feet from the ground, by a Corinthian colonnade encircled by groups of equestrian statuary. Over the

shaft the long slimming patriot is bolted up and over! The populace acted as frenzied as a typical French mob. Seizing the long ropes which had been attached to the truck, thousands of people dragged at them along the entire length of Pennsylvania Avenue to Fourteenth street and southward to the bridge crossing the old Canal and making an island of South Washington.

Here the public's zeal proved greater than its wisdom, and, every one pulling in masse, the combined weight of people and marble broke down the further end of the bridge. The emerald cornerstone was dumped into the water and there reposed until mechanical appliances could be brought from the Navy Yard to drag the stone from its mire bed.

The President of the United States is always president of the Monument Society, so James K. Polk presided over the cornerstone-laying exercises on July Fourth, 1848, of which the Grand Lodge of Masons of the District of Columbia had charge. A spacious chamber had been cut into the stone and lined with copper plate; it was made the repository for various charts, newspapers, maps, portraits, coins and documents.

Copies of the Constitution of the United States and the Declaration of Independence were the first papers laid in the recess. Then followed a large design of the Washington monument, with the fac-simile of the names of the Presidents of the United States to date and of other men of prominence; an historical sketch of the monument since its inception; a portrait of Washington, from Stuart's portrait at Faneuil Hall, Philadelphia; a copy of the grant for the site of the monument under the joint resolution of Congress; Watterson's New Guide to Washington—which is a rare curiosity in these days when what was then very far out into the country is now a vista of apartment houses and stores.

Also—all the coins of the United States, a coat of arms of the Washington family; a daguerreotype of General and Mrs. Washington, with a penny of 1783, the year in which the monument was first planned; astronomical observations for 1845; and various leading newspapers and periodicals all were worthy of a place in the little hollow.

From then on contributions poured in from banks, from school children, generous citizens, patriotic and fraternal societies and even from entertainments, until either the country's enthusiasm or cash was exhausted. The shaft had reached the height of 152 feet and there the stone workers had to put a full stop. In 1873 Congress made an appropriation for its completion and the actual work was put in charge of Col. Thomas L. Casey, of the Corps of Engineers, U. S. A.

As his report showed the monument to be none too safe, its foundations were deepened from twenty to thirty-eight feet and the eighty-foot square forming the base was broadened to one hundred and twenty-six and a half feet. But another change had occurred which not even skilled engineering could overcome. All the marble had been obtained from the same Maryland quarry to the time of the cessation of activities. When work was resumed this same quarry

was called upon to furnish the stone needed for completing the shaft.

But while Congress was debating, other people had been buying; all the marble from that particular section of the quarry was exhausted. So it became necessary to get it from another part and there was just enough difference in its veining, combined with the greater aging of the section already standing to make a distinct

ing a flawless great white marble with an eagle representing liberty, independence and virtue; two quills crossed and the words, "By deeds of peace" underneath; William Penn smiting the sachem with two war-banded Indians and, opposite, foaming-flecked horses trampling over a battlefield and ships at sea—thus portraying the advance of civilization. The City of Philadelphia sent a stone

with a lion's mouth for a companion and the goddesses of Plenty and Justice in the background.

Nevada sent a stone with her name spelled out by great solid silver letters embedded in its surface. Gradually the cupidity of sightseers overcame their honesty until only one letter remained. This was removed to a place of safety and, to the utter chagrin of all sons of Nevada, the marble was gilded over so that now the silver State has her name picked out in gold—at least it looks gold!

Connecticut sent a dark brown stone typical of the Nubian State and Massachusetts proved herself possessed of an embarrassment of subjects by sending trophies from Bunker Hill, Salem, Roxbury and Lowell.

Rhode Island has an anchor of hope on her tablet. California has something of everything carvable and also the inscription "California, youngest State of the Union, brings her tribute to the memory of its father."

Sixteen cities, fifteen lodges of Free Masons, thirteen of Odd Fellows, seven Sons of Temperance, political organizations, fire departments, the Oldest Inhabitants Association of Washington, D. C., Sons of New England in Canada and Americans in Foo-Chow, China, who represented in the monument by tributes of stone.

The Chapel of William Tell in Switzerland appropriately sent a tablet. The Temple of Aesculapius, the ruins of Carthage, the tomb of Napoleon at St. Helena and a library in Egypt are noted among the many inscriptions distinguishing the tablets which line the interior walls to nearly half the monument's height.

St. Louis has a single black stone bearing its name. The stone from Brazil contains a sparkling crown, because royalty then ruled there. On a purple-veined marble slab signified Persia in Arabic of her veneration for George Washington.

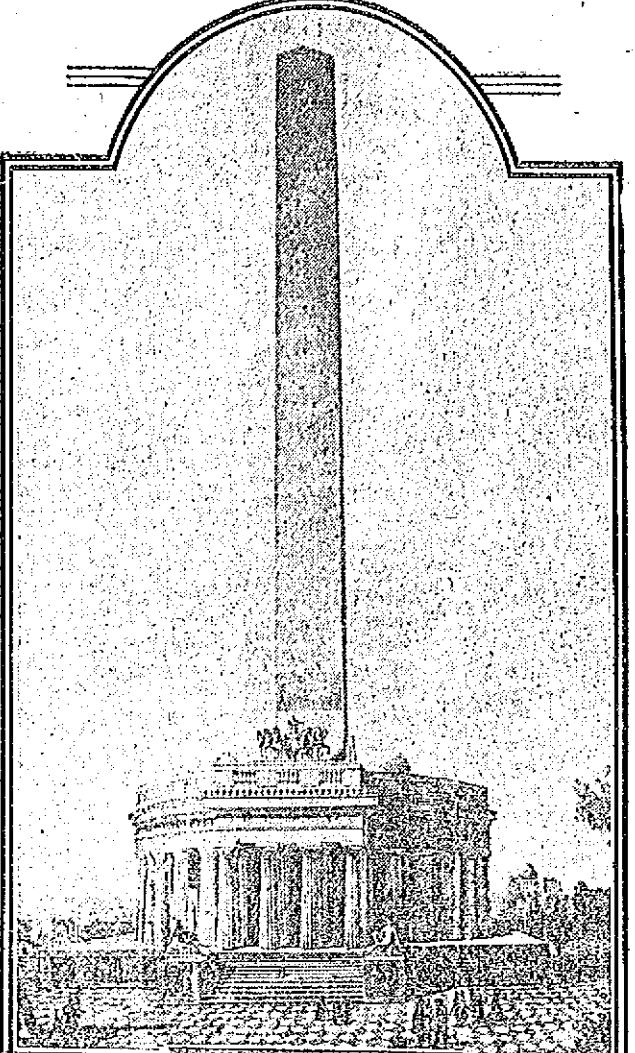
Greece sent a bit of marble from the Parthenon.

The practical workings of the mighty monarch will be of interest to the business man who would rather know that it costs \$11,820 annually to keep it in good condition than that the yearly average of tourists who go to the top, by stairway or elevator, is about 155,000.

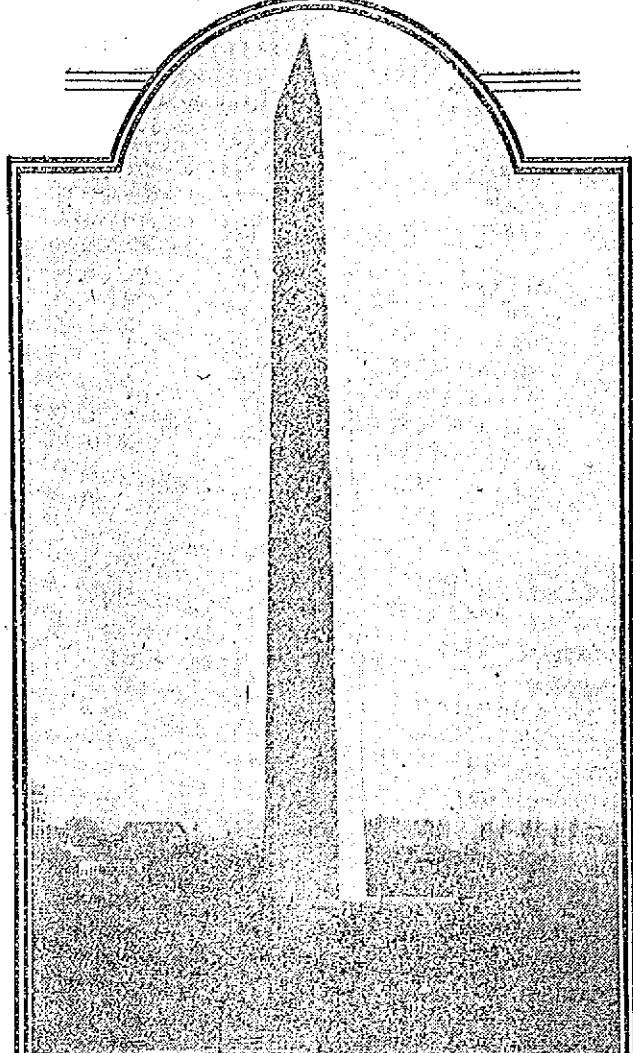
These facts were obtained from Spenser Crosby, Major, Corps of Engineers, and Colonel, U. S. A., who has charge of the management of the Washington Monument although, of course, the National Monument Society would be deferred to in event of any radical change contemplated.

As a matter of fact only by a special act of Congress can any additional contributions be made, except tablets from the seven newest States. And these appear as strangely indifferent to the honor as were their early predecessors.

Arizona, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Colorado, Wyoming, Washington and Idaho have been notified that the monument is ready for their tablets. But they fail to respond. No individual state is allowed upon the tablets nor any inscription save that of the State name and some patriotic sentiment; so there is no great incentive for the self-laudatory type of American to hustle around collecting money for such tributes.



Original Design for the Washington Monument



The Monument as Finally Completed

and nationally humiliating marking

and the newer portion was joined

out to represent a picture with a frame in bold relief.

Several of the States merely sent

blocks with the State name in simple

script. Little Delaware earned for her

tablet a place among those which will

never be forgotten by the tourist by

inscribing on its pure surface under

a bust of Washington, "The first to

arrive will be the last to desert the

monument."

Pennsylvania leads them all in the

number and beauty of her contributions.

Sixteen stones were sent by

the Keystone State, the chief one be-

ing a marble tablet which a

few years ago was

presented to the

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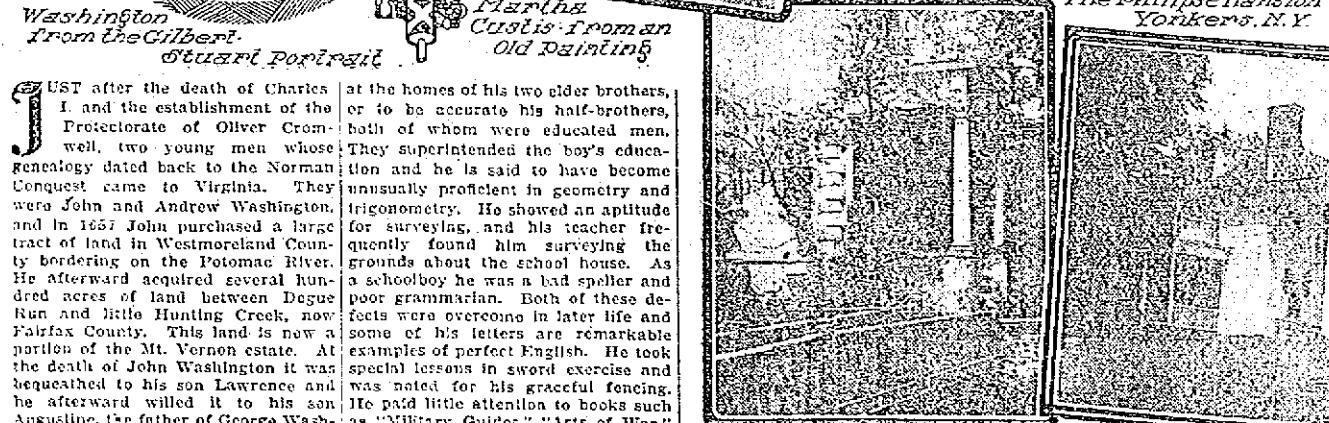
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The Philipse Mansion, Yonkers, N.Y.

Yonkers at what is now the town of Yonkers, to pay a visit to a Virginia friend. This gentleman had recently married Susannah Philipse, the daughter of one of the largest land owners in the colony of New York. Here

Mary Philipse. She was a pretty young woman of twenty, and Washington with his usual custom straightway fell in love with her. He lengthened his visit to ten days on his way to Boston, and after his business there had been transacted he returned to Yonkers where he spent another week.

In pressing his suit for the lady's hand. She refused him and later married Colonel Roger Morris. The house in which Washington carried on his ardent wooing was built in 1682 and was confiscated during the Revolutionary War on account of the loyalty of the Philipse family to the King.

The next time Washington honored it with his presence it was not as a soldier and subject of the British tyrant but as the resourceful leader of the Revolution just before the Battle of White Plains in 1776.

The house is still standing and is used as the City Hall of Yonkers. As a singular coincidence Washington stopped at what is known as the Morris-Jumel mansion (still standing in the upper part of New York) for a few days during his retreat from New

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At the age of nineteen Washington was given a position of honor and responsibility by the Virginia Government owing to Indian depredations. His military propensities increased with years, and when Governor Dinwiddie came to Virginia in 1662 Washington was made a major, and in 1754 he became a Lieutenant-colonel. At the old Carlisle house Alexandria, Virginia, which stands in the court yard of the once famous Braddock Hotel he held councils of war with General Braddock, and while he was there he was greatly impressed by the young man's military ideas he refused to listen to his advice. It is well known how disastrously the expedition ended. In later years Washington frequently visited the Carlisle house and often recalled the war councils there.

The illustrious Father of his Country was always fond of the fair sex. Even as a schoolboy he delighted more in playing with girls than in romping with the boys. When but seventeen years of age he fell in love with Mary Carey and wrote love sonnets in her honor.

One of his most serious love affairs occurred in 1755, when he had been sent to Boston on military business. He stopped outside of New

York. It had but lately been the home of Mary Philipse and her husband, Roger Morris, both of whom were Tories and had fled to England. The dinner took place on December 22nd at Mann's Inn—a hotel which has now been converted into a business house and occupied by a theatre, newspaper office, confectionery store and restaurant. Until a few years ago the "dry room" in which he slept could be seen by visitors. He opened the ball, which was held at the State House, with Mrs. James Macaulay, one of the most beautiful women of her day, as his partner, for Maryland even at that early period had many famous beauties. It is re-

corded that he "danced throughout the night and was the gayest among the gay." He was still a dancer in 1756, when he was sixty-four years of age, but when invited to the Alexandria Assembly in 1759 he sent his regrets saying that his dancing days were over.

Washington was also fond

## THE FURNITURE REMOVED

City Hall Offices Shorn  
of Their Beauty

All of the fine furniture and fixings that made beautiful the offices of the commissioner of streets and the city engineer at city hall are being stored in what was once Commissioner George H. Brown's private office. The furniture and fixings were bought by Mr. Brown last year. They were bought from Adams & Co., and were never paid for. At a meeting of the municipal council not many weeks ago it was voted to advise Adams & Co. to remove the furniture and that the company it is stated, refused to do. The company allowed that the furniture was bought in good faith and besides they are not handling second-hand furniture. Upon receiving the company's information it was decided to store the furniture. The present commissioner of streets and highways, Jas. E. Donnelly, informed the municipal council that he did not have any use for the furniture nor for the big office which had been occupied by his predecessor as a private office.

The furniture and fixings consisting of desks, couch, carpets, draperies, bookcases, window shades, etc., were removed this afternoon under the direction and personal supervision of City Messenger Owen Monahan.

Monahan said that the toughest part of the whole business was to strip Engineer Kearney's office of its yellow jacket. Mr. Brown furnished the engineer's office along the same line of elegance as his own private office and Mr. Kearney was quite proud of his office. He knew there was trouble over the furniture purchased by Mr. Brown but he hoped it would be sorted out and that the furniture and fixings in his office would be allowed to remain. "It is an eviction without landlord or constable," said Mr. Kearney as he watched two pairs of hands, like unto those of the village blacksmith, tearing at the carpets and removing the furniture.

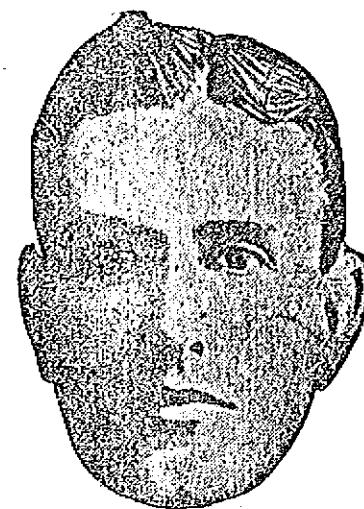
## THE CHARGES FALL FLAT

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Feb. 19.—Charges against Col. William Seymour Edwards of offering bribes to further his candidacy for United States senator fell flat yesterday when Delegate Rhodes, who made the charge, failed to appear at a preliminary hearing. Justice of the Peace Gilchrist dismissed the case after Delegate J. M. Smith, named by Rhodes as the man Edwards tried to bribe, testified that he never discussed the senatorial situation with Col. Edwards.

The special grand jury investigating alleged bribery in the legislature continued its inquiry today, but failed to find any further indictments. Among the witnesses heard were State Senator W. A. MacCorkle, Senator Gray Silver, democrat floor leader, and Pres. Woods of the senate.

With but three more days of the regular session of the legislature there is little hope of choosing a successor to United States Senator Clarence W. Watson. Both branches are devoting the closing days of the session to women's suffrage, the Virginia-West Virginia debt, and other proposed legislation.

FREE  
PANTS



## Special

I want to call your attention to the BLUE SERGES displayed in my windows. I have bought \$5 whole bolts of this cloth from the leading worsted mill of this country, the WASSKUK WORSTED MILL, H. J. Your order on these goods can be ready in a week, two weeks, a month, or say Easter. You don't spend your money now. Just give me your order.

(Signed) MITCHELL.

## MY FOURTH ANNIVERSARY

\$5.00 TROUSERS FREE

When I opened my Lowell store on the 13th day of February, 1909, I made the people certain promises. As my anniversary rolls around each year, I like to recall those promises publicly so that you may judge as to whether or not I have departed from them during the past year. I look upon my anniversary also as a good occasion upon which to renew those promises for the year to come, so that old customers have always the positive assurance of getting at least as good service as that which pleased them so much in the past. To old and new customers alike, there is always the implied promise of the additional improved service that time must bring to every progressive business.

AS I START MY FIFTH YEAR in the city of Lowell, it is gratifying to me to know—

That I have stayed in Lowell four years at least, with further indefinite stay guaranteed, as I promised.

That I did not fizzle out in three months, six months or a year, as my competitors predicted from time to time, as I outlived their first and shorter guesses.

That I am still a live advertiser, able to use and able to pay for the same generous space I used when I opened in Lowell.

That the time did not come when the people would be so painfully aware of the impossibility of my promises, as predicted by competitors, that I could not get enough responses to pay for the ink the publishers used in those advertisements. I believe every merchant should be a newspaper advertiser. The bigger newspaper I help to make, the bigger city I help to make Lowell. I shall continue to do my share in making bigger newspapers.

That I am still giving the same beautiful worsteds, style and quality, that competitors said four years ago I would give only a short time, to get the people coming to me.

That I still have such confidence in my ability to fit you that I still can afford to make you a new suit every time my help make a mistake on anything you buy in my store.

AS A TOKEN OF MY REGARD—AS A MEMENTO OF THE HAPPY OCCASION OF MY ANNIVERSARY—AS AN INDUCEMENT TO THE OLD CUSTOMER TO FORCE HIS ORDER EARLIER, AND TO THE NEW CUSTOMER TO GIVE ME A TRIAL, I WILL GIVE EACH CUSTOMER ORDERING A SUIT THIS WEEK

A Pair of \$5.00 Pants  
Absolutely Free

STANDISH WORSTEDS, SHERIFF WORSTEDS, TWEEDS, GRAYS, BLACKS, BROWNS, NOVELTIES IN ALL THE NEUTRAL SHADES.

Suit to Order

\$12.50

MITCHELL

THE  
TAILOR

24 Central St.

Open Evenings Till 9

## AFTER SEPARATION OF 25 YEARS CALIFORNIA MEN AT DORR TRIAL

Mother and Son Reunited in This City—Both Thought Each Other Dead

Called as Witnesses by the Commonwealth in Murder Case  
Being Tried at Salem

## TODAY'S STOCK MARKET

SALEM, Feb. 19.—Two California witnesses were among the first called by the Commonwealth today when the trial of William A. Dorr of Stockton, Cal., on the charge of murdering Geo. Marsh of Lynn, was resumed.

James Marsh of Stockton, a brother of the murdered man, told of a visit which he made at the Marsh home in Lynn a month or more before the crime was committed. His brother, he said, spoke of visiting him in California later.

Harry Marsh, a nephew, was questioned regarding his uncle's habits. Neither man was able to positively identify a cane which is an exhibit in the case as one which the Lynn man was in the habit of carrying.

Positive identification of the cane was obtained from Mary A. Miller of Topsfield, former housekeeper in the Marsh home. She testified that on April 1, the day Marsh is supposed to have been killed, he left the house between 2 and 3 o'clock in the afternoon and was leaving when she handed him the cane to carry.

This witness also was questioned regarding the last meal that Marsh ate before he left home. Particular stress was laid on the fact that he had partaken of canned green peas.

The prisoner watched the proceedings from the steel cage in the center of the courtroom with much interest. He frequently called his attorneys to the cage in conference as the witnesses were testifying and showed his familiarity with the case, the result of many hours' study during the months that he has been in jail.

A former sheriff's constable and member of the grand jury in Stockton was the centre of attraction.

The finding of the cane which had been submitted to almost every witness for identification was testified to by Napoleon J. Desrochers of Saugus. He had been working at the Point of Pines on April 11, 1912, he said, and about 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon while riding through Commercial street on a bicycle saw a car and came to the road. He turned them over to the police and the following day showed the officers where he had found the articles. The policeman told him, he testified, that the police was only a short distance from where the body of Marsh had been found a short time before.

Attorney Barney for the defense cross-examined Desrochers regarding an automobile which witness said passed him about the time he found the car and cane. The only description that the witness could give was that it was a large touring car and was moving rapidly.

A neighbor of the murdered man, Mary H. Harris of Lynn, who is considered an important witness for the prosecution, spoke to Mr. Marsh as he was leaving his home on the afternoon

## NEW YORK MARKET

Stocks High Low Close

Amalg. Copper .65 1/2 .66 1/2 .67 1/2

Am Beet Sugar .55 1/2 .56 1/2 .56 1/2

Am Can .40 1/2 .40 1/2 .40 1/2

Am Can pf .124 .123 1/2 .124

Am Car & Fn .51 1/2 .50 .50 1/2

Am Car & Fn pf .115 .115 .115

Am Hide & L pf .45 1/2 .45 1/2 .45 1/2

Am Locomo .37 1/2 .37 .37

Am Smelt & R .70 1/2 .68 1/2 .68 1/2

Am Smelt & R pf .101 .101 .101

Am Sugar Rfn .115 1/2 .115 1/2 .115 1/2

Amacorda .35 1/2 .34 1/2 .34 1/2

Atholton .101 1/2 .101 .101

Atch & Ohio .101 .101 .101

B & W .101 .101 .101

B & W pf .86 1/2 .86 1/2 .86 1/2

Canadian Pa .231 .229 1/2 .229 1/2

Cast Iron Pipe .13 1/2 .13 1/2 .13 1/2

Cent Leather .27 .26 1/2 .26 1/2

Cent Leather pf .94 1/2 .94 1/2 .94 1/2

Ches & Ohio .74 1/2 .74 1/2 .74 1/2

Chi & G. W .15 .15 .15

CG & St. L .53 .53 .53

Co. Fuel .34 1/2 .33 1/2 .33 1/2

Com. Gas .121 1/2 .121 1/2 .121 1/2

Del & W .410 .408 .408

Del .29 1/2 .29 1/2 .29 1/2

Eric 1st pf .45 1/2 .44 1/2 .44 1/2

Eric 2d pf .35 1/2 .35 1/2 .35 1/2

Gen Elec .139 .139 .139

Gen Nort pf .125 1/2 .125 1/2 .125 1/2

Gen N. Ore ct .55 1/2 .54 .54

Illinoian Can .122 1/2 .122 1/2 .122 1/2

Ind. Met. & com .17 1/2 .16 1/2 .16 1/2

Int. Met. com pf .50 1/2 .50 1/2 .50 1/2

Int. Paper .11 1/2 .11 1/2 .11 1/2

Int. Paper pf .16 1/2 .16 1/2 .16 1/2

Int. Pump Co .16 1/2 .16 1/2 .16 1/2

Kan City So .24 1/2 .24 1/2 .24 1/2

Kim & Tex .26 .25 .25

Lehigh Valley .15 1/2 .15 1/2 .15 1/2

Louis & Nash .182 1/2 .182 1/2 .182 1/2

N. Y. Air Brake .69 .69 .69

N. Y. Central .16 1/2 .16 1/2 .16 1/2

Nor & West .116 .116 .116

North Pac .116 .116 .116

Pennsylvania .118 1/2 .117 1/2 .117 1/2

People's Gas .110 .109 1/2 .109 1/2

Pullman Co .159 .159 .159

Reading .159 1/2 .157 1/2 .157 1/2

Rep. Iron & S .25 .25 .25

Rock Island .22 1/2 .21 1/2 .21 1/2

Rock Is pf .29 .28 .28

St. L. & So. Wn .22 .22 .22

St. Paul .16 1/2 .16 1/2 .16 1/2

So. Pac .161 .161 .161

Southern Ry .26 1/2 .25 .25

Southern Ry pf .75 .75 .75

Tenn Copper .25 .25 .25

Texas pac .18 .18 .18

Third Ave .36 1/2 .35 1/2 .35 1/2

Union Pac .157 .155 .157

Union Rub .82 1/2 .87 1/2 .87 1/2

U. S. Rail. pf .105 1/2 .105 1/2 .105 1/2

U. S. Steel pf .62 .60 .60

U. S. Steel 5s .107 .105 1/2 .105 1/2

Utah Copper .51 1/2 .50 .50

Wabash R R .31 1/2 .31 1/2 .31 1/2

Wat R R pf .10 1/2 .95 .95

Westinghouse .70 .68 1/2 .70

Cotton Spot . . . . .

Cotton Spot closed quiet . . . . .

Uplands 12.60 . . . . .

Middling 12.85 . . . . .

Sales 17 bales . . . . .

## STRONG SHOWING

AT THE OPENING OF THE STOCK MARKET TODAY

London Prices Substantially Higher—

Many Stocks Point Above Yesterday's

# THE STATE EMPLOYMENT OFFICES

Report of the Three Offices at Boston, Springfield and Fall River

The sixth annual report of the state free employment offices at Boston, Springfield and Fall River has just been issued and makes interesting reading. The total number of positions filled in the six years ending Nov. 30, 1912, was 16,525, and the number for the respective years since 1906 being: 1907 to 1912, both inclusive, being as follows: 16,510, 14,955, 17,741, 20,574, 21,158, 24,587.

The positions reported filled by the three offices during the past year were:

Occupations	Males	Females	Total
Agricultural pursuits	1,837	11	1,848
Professional service	44	4	48
Domestic and personal at service	6,501	8,230	14,731
Trade and transportation	3,237	457	3,694
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	4,658	1,382	6,040
Apprentices	222	3	225
Totals	16,500	10,087	26,587

The Boston Office

In reviewing the work of the Boston office during the past year, the superintendent writes as follows:

I have endeavored to issue a monthly labor market letter, simply containing remarks to a more or less minute of facts as we saw them at this particular time. The labor market throughout the year has been exceedingly good, especially since June 1. Machine shop and foundry hands and building tradesmen have been in great demand and at times efficient workmen have been exceedingly scarce. There has been an increased demand for boot and shoe workers as compared with last year; this is partly accounted for by the fact that a number of shoe factories have removed to Boston where help could be more readily obtained than in the more remote country districts.

Textile help (female) has been called

FREE TO ALL  
F who are tortured  
and disfigured by  
eczemas, rashes, itch-  
ings and irritations of  
the skin and scalp  
are liberal samples of

## Cuticura Soap and Ointment.

Warm baths with the Soap and light applications of the Ointment afford immediate relief, permit rest and sleep in most cases, and promote permanent skin health when all else fails. For samples of Soap and Ointment, address Dept. 2F, Boston. Sold throughout the world.

## RECORD PENSION BILL

\$180,300,000 Measure  
Voted in House

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—The largest pension bill ever reported to Congress, carrying appropriations aggregating \$180,300,000, was passed by the House yesterday by a vote of 219 to 40, with an amendment which will make necessary an additional appropriation of more than \$1,000,000.

A small number of democrats, led by

Representative Roddenberry of Georgia, made futile efforts to add amendments to bar the pension rolls

veterans having incomes exceeding

\$100 a year, and not entitled to pensions because of wounds or disabilities sustained in the military service.

A motion to strike from the bill a

paragraph providing that after July 1, 1913, no pension should be paid to a non-resident not a citizen of the United States, except for actual disabilities incurred in the service, was carried, 181 to 112. It is estimated that something over \$1,000,000 is paid annually to veterans who would have been barred by this paragraph.

Politics Good for Women

The more deeply women become immersed in politics and practical affairs, the better will their business judgment become and the more economy they will exercise in all the matters of the house.

When women learn to manage their households as well as their husbands manage large business concerns an effective blow will be dealt to the high cost of living.

Madame Hosac pointed out that the

failure of the directorate, harem, hoop

and the extreme habille to come into popular use, shows the tendency of the women of the United States to economize by dressing conservatively.

Madame Hosac continued:

"American women have come to realize that there is a real advantage in wearing American styles. They have almost entirely eliminated the expensive practice of falling back on Paris for their ideas in clothes."

They have discarded the type system for the individualistic. They prefer a gown that suits them rather than one that suits some French woman.

"Of course I am a dressmaker, but I don't think it sounds like explaining my line too much to say that women of the present day are more than ever employers of professional dressmakers, effecting there a saving in the cost of their clothes."

John Doe, alias Dough

Urge Men to Adopt His Method of Increasing Their Weight—Eat More Bread, He Says

John Doe is causing as much talk about the city as if he were a member of the municipal council. John Doe or Dough, is the mythical gentleman who handles Fleischmann's yeast. He is said to be a member of the Fat Men's club and to have the largest circumference of any member in the club. He uses Fleischmann's yeast and can testify to its raising qualities. He recommends it to all bakers and gives these reasons for so doing:

"Every man, woman and child

sees the John Doe advertisements

urging them to eat more bread. They

are bound to think of bread. If you

want them to think of your bread

every time they see John Doe, adver-

tising now, while the Fleischmann pub-

licity campaign is in progress.

2d. You know how you have im-

proved your bakery in the past five or

ten years. The public may not know.

Tell them.

3d. You know how much care is

bestowed in every stage of breadmaking, from mixing the dough to de-

livering the finished product. Lots of

good people are ignorant of the great

strides that have been made by pro-

gressive bakers.

4th. You know that only the best

and purest materials go into your

bread. You know that you use

Fleischmann's yeast. All these points

can be profitably impressed upon the

public.

5th. You know that the baking in-

dustry has been aided in its develop-

ment by good, clean, powerful adver-

tising.

6th. You know that for every dol-

lar's worth of yeast a baker buys he

sells \$40 to \$50 worth of bread, so that

you who are in the bread business will

get 40 to 50 times as much benefit

as the Fleischmann Co. out of every

dollar's worth of increased bread busi-

ness brought about by the John Doe

— Eat More Bread Campaign.

7th. You know that whether you have been

in the habit of advertising or not,

you can secure for yourself the great

benefit of the Eat More Bread

publicity work by advertising your

bread and your bakery now—while

John Doe is in town. And you can

get substantial results at a surpris-

ingly small outlay, because the Eat More

Bread advertisement of yours, be it large or

small, will have the effect of being

bigger, because it will be linked in the

minds of the public with the big John

Doe— Eat More Bread advertisements.

It pays to advertise and now is the

time it pays most.

TO REORGANIZE SYSTEM

Governor Foss Proposes

Changes in Prison Plan

BOSTON, Feb. 19.—Following a con-

ference with the Rev. George C. Cad-

dy, on the prison situation in Massa-

chusetts, Governor Foss announced yester-

day that he proposed to reorganize the

entire system.

He also stated that it is expected

that Postmaster-General Warren L.

Spaulding will recommend the bill

giving him a pension be acted upon

favorably by the legislature.

The Rev. Mr. Cadby was recently

before District Attorney Pelletier to

explain charges which he had made

against the prison system in this state, and yesterday conferred with the gov-

ernor.

Governor Foss is getting together

material for a message on prison re-

form which he believes will be second

in importance only to his message on

the railroad situation.

He plans to recommend a system by

means of which prisoners shall be

employed in their work, the mon-

ies over to their families. He will also

recommend a classification of prisoners

so that the petty offenders may be obli-

ged to mix with hardened criminals.

When women learn to manage their

households as well as their husbands

manage large business concerns an ef-

fective blow will be dealt to the high

cost of living.

The gowns should be well made

and of a conservative style. The

trouble is with women they don't wear

their dresses long enough. They cast

them off after a year.

"A gown worn for three years won't

be out of style if it is not a fad.

Styles don't change rapidly. It's

the fads.

By establishing a system of having

a set of gowns for the occasions I

have named, and by gradually sup-

planting them every year or so by a

new gown and making the other do-

ne's second-best, women can cut down

their clothing expenditure greatly, and

no doubt increase their husband's peace

of mind.

I believe women will continue to

go more economical in dress and in

house management the more they

get into politics and practical affairs

and the more economy they will

exercise in all the matters of the

house.

The trouble is with women they don't

wear their dresses long enough. They cast





## TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

## FIGHTING IN MEXICO ENDED

Continued

ing off in hand the vandalism of the followers of Madero who had during the previous revolt burned the plant of the newspaper El País which had always been known for its independence.

The celebration of peace by the popular rebels really began a few minutes after Madero had been taken prisoner, although the news of his arrest did not become common knowledge until some time afterward.

Great interest had been aroused by unusual activity in the national palace and the arrival there of Gen. Huerta with General Madero, one of the brothers of the president. Hundreds of people gathered around the doors of the building. When Gen. Huerta saw that they were being held back by a line of soldiers he gave orders to let them enter and the crowd poured through the wide doors in a total uproar until the court yard became full.

New President Made a Speech

Gen. Huerta then made a short speech to the gathering, briefly outlining to them the results of his action and assuring them that peace would soon be established throughout the republic.

The people had expected to hear Gen. Huerta announce the victory of the governmental forces over those of Gen. Felix Diaz or that Diaz had surrendered.

Many of them stood for a moment stupefied by the news related to them by Gen. Huerta. Then they broke into a cheer which reached the ears of Diaz in his temporary prison.

The force of 1600 men belonging to Gen. Blanquet's command was moved in from the position near the British embassy where it had been in camp since it had come from Tolosa in the state of Mexico. The men were marched to the national palace. It was explained that this force was intended to replace the reserve troops and the guard at the palace which had been there many weeks and whose loyalty Francisco Madero did not doubt.

Members of Cabinet Arrested

Two things besides the arrest of Francisco Madero were regarded by the plotters as essential. They were the arrest of the members of the cabinet, including Vice President Josephino Suarez and of Gustavo Madero, brother of the president to whom the people attributed many of the evils of the administration. General Blanquet brought about the imprisonment of Francisco Madero by beginning with a speech to the crowd in which he said the situation in the city must cease and that the capture of one man must no longer be allowed to prevail. He detailed 25 men to march to the president's private office in the palace and guard the entrance. Colonel Riverol was in command of this squad.

The president's first intimation of trouble was when he walked in the hall of the ambassadors where he saw General soldiers standing with their rifles at the "ready." One of the soldiers nearest to him, rendered overenthusiastically by the words of his commanding officer, stepped forward and dropped his rifle into a line with the president's breast.

Gen. Discharged in Palace

Madero forced the rifle to one side and seized hold of the soldier, causing the gun to be discharged, the bullet flying into the air. The scuffle and the report brought Madero's personal guard to his assistance but these offered no sufficient resistance to the soldiers. At the conclusion of the brief encounter two of the guards had been killed and a few others wounded, among them Col. Riverol, who died a short time afterward.

The capture of the members of the cabinet, all of whom were arrested except Ernesto Madero and Manuel Monroy was effected without resistance and there appears to be excellent reason to believe that some of the cabinet ministers were involved in the plot.

Francisco Madero, who is of a nervous nature, at the moment of his arrest appeared half wild and talked volubly of traitors, denouncing bitterly those who had brought about his downfall. Later, however, as he stood between his guards, he seemed to regard the matter more philosophically and had become apparently resigned.

Madero to be Deported

Madero was informed that he would be given the choice of writing his resignation which would go through the usual legal channels of presentation to Congress or that he and his family would be sent to Vera Cruz and placed on board a vessel in the same way as was Porfirio Diaz, a little more than a year ago.

General Huerta called upon the executive officers of the senate and chamber of deputies to summon a session of congress in order to legalize the change of government and to name a provisional general.

General Huerta declares he will deliver the position to whoever may be named and it is understood that special elections will be called at an early date to select a successor to Madero.

MADERO A PRISONER IN THE NATIONAL PALACE—HUEARTA PROVISIONAL RULER

MUNICIPAL CITY, Feb. 19.—Francisco Madero, forced from the presidency by the coup d'etat of two of his generals yesterday, is a prisoner today in the national palace. Gen. Victoriano Huerta, who had been in command of the forces of the rebels, has the city well in hand. Gen. Diaz has been generalized provisional governor general of the republic.

Gen. Alvaro Obregon who aided in the overthrow of Madero, is president military commander.

These arrangements have been made by Gen. Felix Diaz and the ten days' battle which he has been waging with the federal forces appears to today be over.

Thousands of men, women and children have highly approved the sudden change in affairs by crowding the big square in front of the national palace and deliriously shouting "Viva" for the three principals and for General Monroy, who had been conducting the Diaz military operations.

Refused to cry "Viva Huerta"

Marcos Hernandez, a brother of the minister of the interior, Rafael Hernandez, was killed in the street last night by rebels when at the command of a crowd, he refused to cry "Viva Huerta." His shout of "Viva Madero" was answered by the pistols of the rebels. He was killed instantly. The building occupied by the *Neiva* Era, a newspaper organ of the Madero administration, was burned last night by a mob.

The deposed president was treated with all consideration, it is declared.



## ALGY THE COP

## COMMERCE SECRETARY

## Portfolio Offered to Boston Man

PEACE AND PROSPERITY WILL REIGN, SAYS PROVISIONAL GOVERNOR-GENERAL

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—President Taft today received the following telegram from Victoriano Huerta, Mexican provisional general:

"I have the honor to inform you that I have overthrown the government forces of Mexico and from now on peace and prosperity will reign."

"Your obedient servant,  
Victoriano Huerta,  
Commander-in-Chief."

BROTHER OF MADERO WAS EXECUTED THIS MORNING

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 19.—Gustavo Madero was executed shortly after nine o'clock this morning in one of the rebel positions. It is presumed generally that this was done by order of Félix Diaz under the notorious "fugitive" law.

Gustavo Madero was a brother of the deposed president.

REBEL TROOPS WILL NOT BE REMOVED FOR TWO OR THREE DAYS

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 19.—The rebel troops are not to be removed from their positions for two or three days, as directions are feared by the authorities and they do not wish to give occasion for public manifestations.

FUNERALS

TRAGEDY—The body of Margarita Trujillo, who died at Newton Junction, N. H., was brought to this city this morning. The funeral took place from the Northern station at 11:15 o'clock. Purish was in the family lot in St. Joseph's cemetery, where the committed prayers were read at the grave by Rev. Charles Audibert, O. M. I. Funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker Joseph Albert.

JOSEPH ACTHIN

Tendered Surprise By His Friends—Presented Clear Case—Entertainment Program Given

Mr. Joseph Acthin, manager of the Grand Union Tea Co. in this city, was last night agreeably surprised by his employees, when they called at his home in Walker street in order to show him their appreciation of the services rendered them, as the young man has severed his connection with the company.

As a token of esteem they presented him a fine cigar case, the presentation being made by Mr. Boyd. A dainty luncheon was served and a musical program was rendered. It was at a reasonable hour that the guests departed, expressing their sorrow to their former manager for his leaving the employ of the company.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

C. H. HANSON & CO., Inc. - - - - Auctioneers

Rock Street, Lowell, Mass. Telephone 154-8748

Special for Our Thursday Sale

FEB. 20

AN EXPRESS LOAD OF GOOD

BUSINESS HORSES

Good age, well broken, all good colors, weighing from 1200 to 1400 pounds, and every horse pledged to absolute sale. We will also have the usual large assortment of good Second-Hand Horses, Wagons, Harnesses, Poultry, Blankets and Supplies.

# Gyarcol Will Cure Your Rheumatism

## Let Us Prove It To You FREE

If you suffer from rheumatism, gout, or lumbago, Gyarcol will give you prompt relief and speedy cure. To prove our claims we will send a full fifty cent bottle free to every sufferer from rheumatism who will send us his or her name in the next two days. Just send your name on a postal card to the Gyarcol Company, P. O. Box 455, Lowell, Mass., and begin the free treatment at once. Gyarcol contains no alcohol—it is the safe and sane treatment for diseases caused by uric acid.

## BARN GUTTED BY FIRE

Names were making rapid progress. The interior of the office was badly damaged, while nearly a ton of hay was destroyed. A horse which was in the stable at the time was safely led out by a young boy named Leo Cohen.

In the list of floral tributes at the funeral of Lieut. Thomas H. Rodgers, yesterday was a wreath from the Misses Gallagher.

## Cook, Taylor & Co.

MERRIMACK STREET STORE

## Our Grand Final Mark Down and Clean-Up Sale

A rare opportunity to buy your WINTER COAT, SUIT, DRESS, KIMONO, WRAPPER, SKIRT, FUR SET OR FUR PIECE at less than HALF PRICE. We carry no goods over.

### NOW FOR PRICES

50 Ladies' Short Black Kersey Coats, lined, from \$6.50 to \$1.98

Ladies' Long Mixed Coats, from \$7.98 to \$3.98

Ladies' and Misses' Pretty Fancy Mixture Coats, very choice styles, from \$7.50 to \$2.98

Infants' and Children's Coats, lined, to clean up 98c

Ladies' Long Seal Plush Coats, from \$15 to \$8.98

Childrds' Size, 12 Pretty Kersey Coats, half price, \$2.98 and \$3.98

50 Dozen Pretty Striped House Dresses, all sizes, from \$1.00 to \$4.8c

All our 25c and 39c Flannelette Kimonos, each 15c

Ladies' Heavy Flannellette Robes, from 69c to 39c

200 Pieces Satin and Taffeta Ribbons, all colors, sold for 15c and 25c, yard

All our High Grade Laces in black, cream and white, Half Price to close out.

25c Laces, yard...19c

50 Laces, yard...25c

75c and \$1.00 Laces, yard

Ladies' 5c and 10c Hair Nels, each

500 Dozen Pearl Buttons, always sold for 5c a dozen. This sale, dozen 1c

Ladies' \$1.00 Best Kid Gloves, pair

All our 50c Mocha Gloves, pair

Great special mark down sale of all our Heavy Winter Underwear.

All our Ladies' \$1 Pure Wool Vests and Pants, each

\$5c

Best 25c Jersey Underwear in the city.

Ladies' White Feet Cotton Hose, from 10c to 7c

Fur Muffs, Collars and Sets, Half Price.

Good Fox Sets, from \$10 to \$3.98

Good Opossum Sels, from \$7.98 to \$4.98

All our Odd Collars and Muffs Half Price.

Pretty Cerise and Kelly Green Mercerized Petticoats from 75c to 50c

Black Mercerized Petticoats, 29c, 39c, 49c, 69c, 98c

## KASINO

ALLAN LINE Boston to Glasgow

ONE CLASS CABIN SERVICE (Termed Second)

SCANDINAVIAN.....FEB. 27

IONIAN.....MAR. 13

SCOTIAN.....APR. 10

NO CATTLE CARRIED

Rate, Glasgow or Derry, \$45.00 up.

Third Class, Glasgow, Derry, Liverpool, \$30.25.

DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton St.

FREDERICK B. LEEDS, 5 Bridge St.

H. & A. ALLAN, 90 State St., Boston.